



**Essential
Petroleum
Resources
Limited**

PEP 159

ONSHORE OTWAY BASIN, VICTORIA

WELL COMPLETION REPORT

Findra 1

August 2006

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1 SUMMARY

Findra 1 was drilled as an exploration well. It is located in southern PEP 159, approximately 25km north-northwest of the township of Port Fairy. It is midway between the exploration wells Pretty Hill 1 and Taralea 1, with exploration well Banganna 1 to the northeast (Figure 1). The primary exploration objective was to test for light hydrocarbon liquids and gas in sandstones of the Flaxman (intra-Belfast) Formation (Figure 2). Sandstones in the Pebble Point and Paaratte Formation were secondary objectives. The prospect was sited on a closed anticlinal structure, with crestal faulting, developed along the southern (downthrown) side of the Tyrendarra Fault (Figure 3). In the target zones the interpreted throw of crestal faulting was less than the thickness of the sealing horizons over the area of mapped closure.

Formation tops and stratigraphy were prognosed from the exploration wells Pretty Hill 1 and Taralea 1. The target sands in the Findra prospect were expected to be higher in the anticlinal structure than the equivalent sands were in the nearby wells (Figure 4), and seismic amplitudes indicated that the Flaxman sands could be better-developed in Findra 1 than they were in Pretty Hill 1. The intersection at Banganna 1 well was also encouraging.

Findra 1 was drilled in June 2004. The precollar hole was drilled by a waterbore rig from Sides Engineering, and the remainder of the hole was drilled by Hunt Drilling Rig 2. The surface basalt the upper part of the Point Campbell Limestone was drilled to 62 m, and a 13³/₈” conductor was cemented at 39 m. 12 1/4” hole was drilled to 153 m and cased with 9⁵/₈” casing. The remainder of the hole to total depth of 889 m was drilled at 8 1/2”. All drilling and casing operations proceeded without significant delays.

The formation tops were approximately as prognosed for the upper half of the well. Due to their characteristic lithologies, in Findra 1 the Timboon Sandstone and the Massacre Shale are differentiated from the Pebble Point Formation and Paaratte Formation respectively, a distinction that has not been made in other nearby wells. In the lower half of the well the formation tops were ~10-20 m higher than prognosed.. Good to excellent porosity was developed in the Dilwyn Formation, the Timboon Sandstone, and the Pebble Point Formation. Background gas (methane) was present in the lower half of the well, but there were no oil shows and the sequence is water-saturated throughout.

No further testing took place and the well was plugged and abandoned.

Figure 1: Findra 1 Location Map

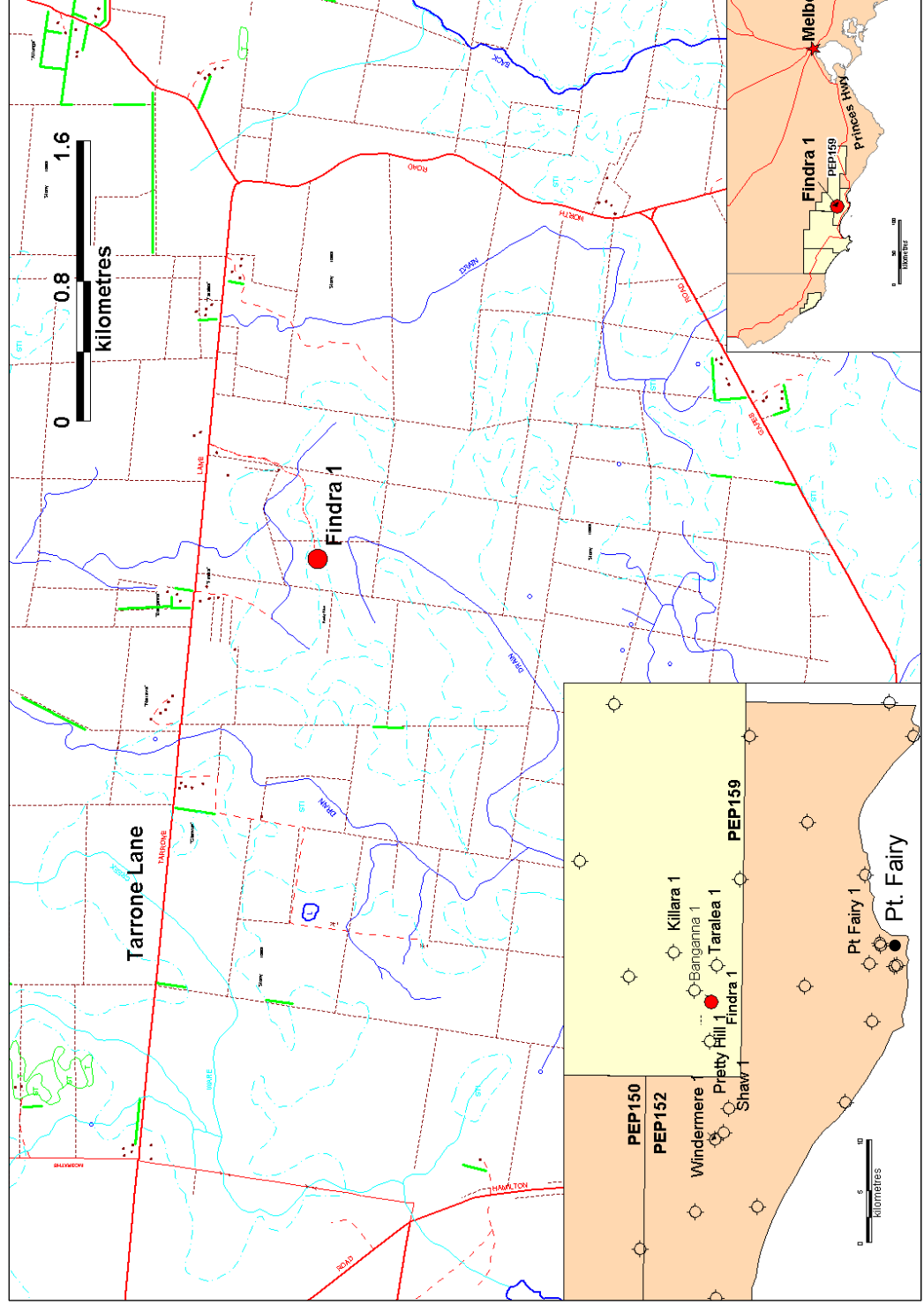


Figure 2: Regional Stratigraphy

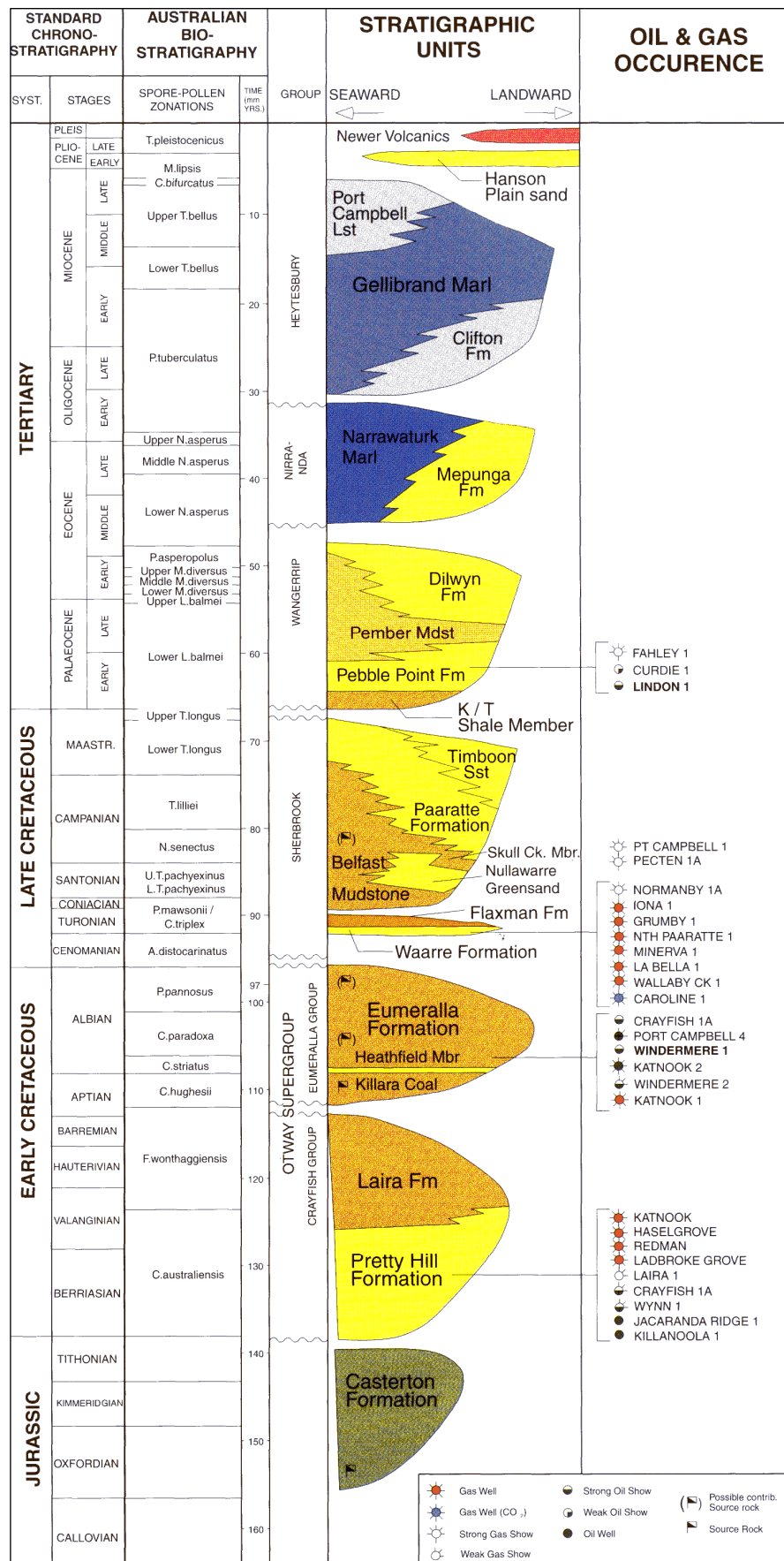


Figure 3: Anticlinal structure

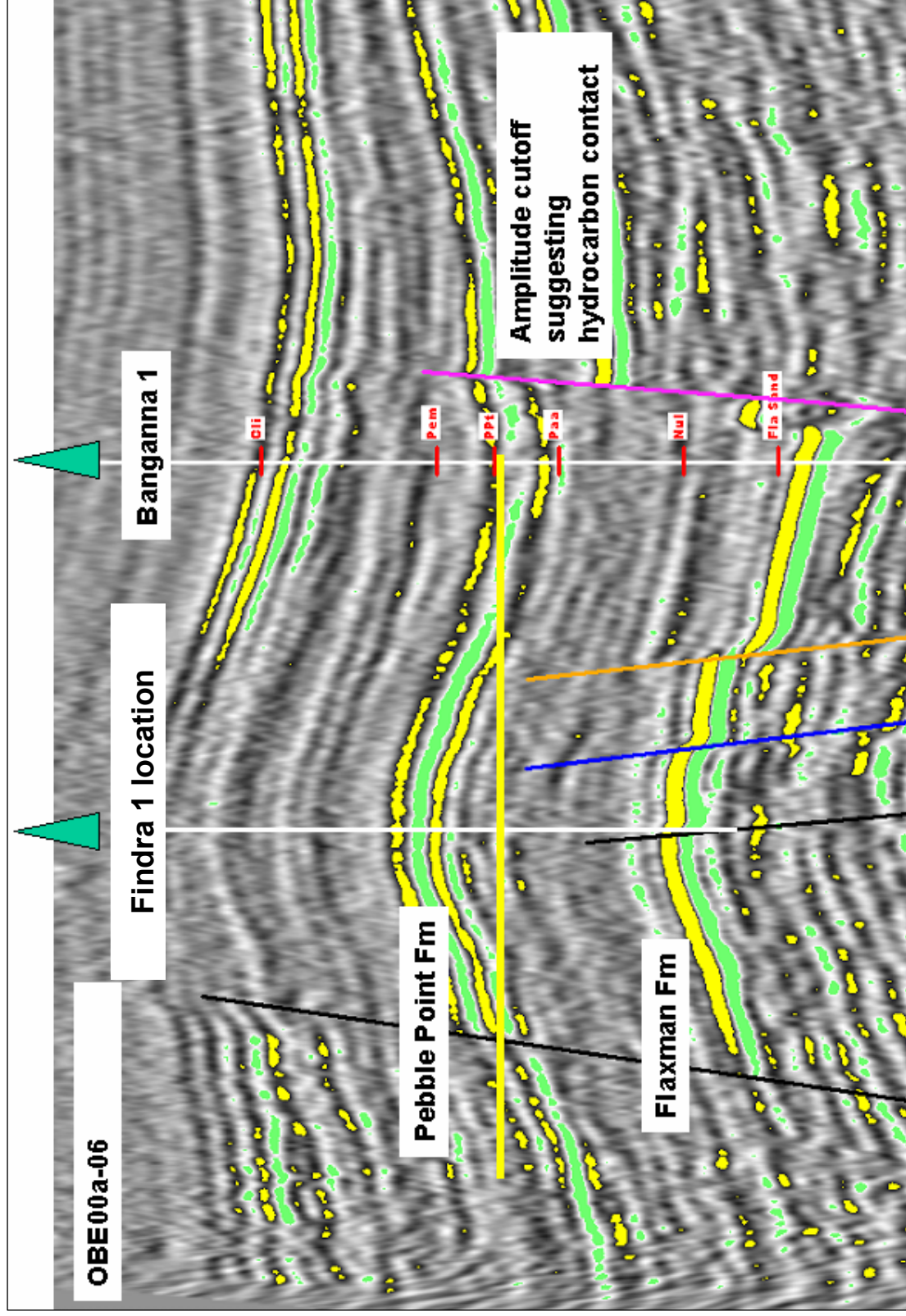
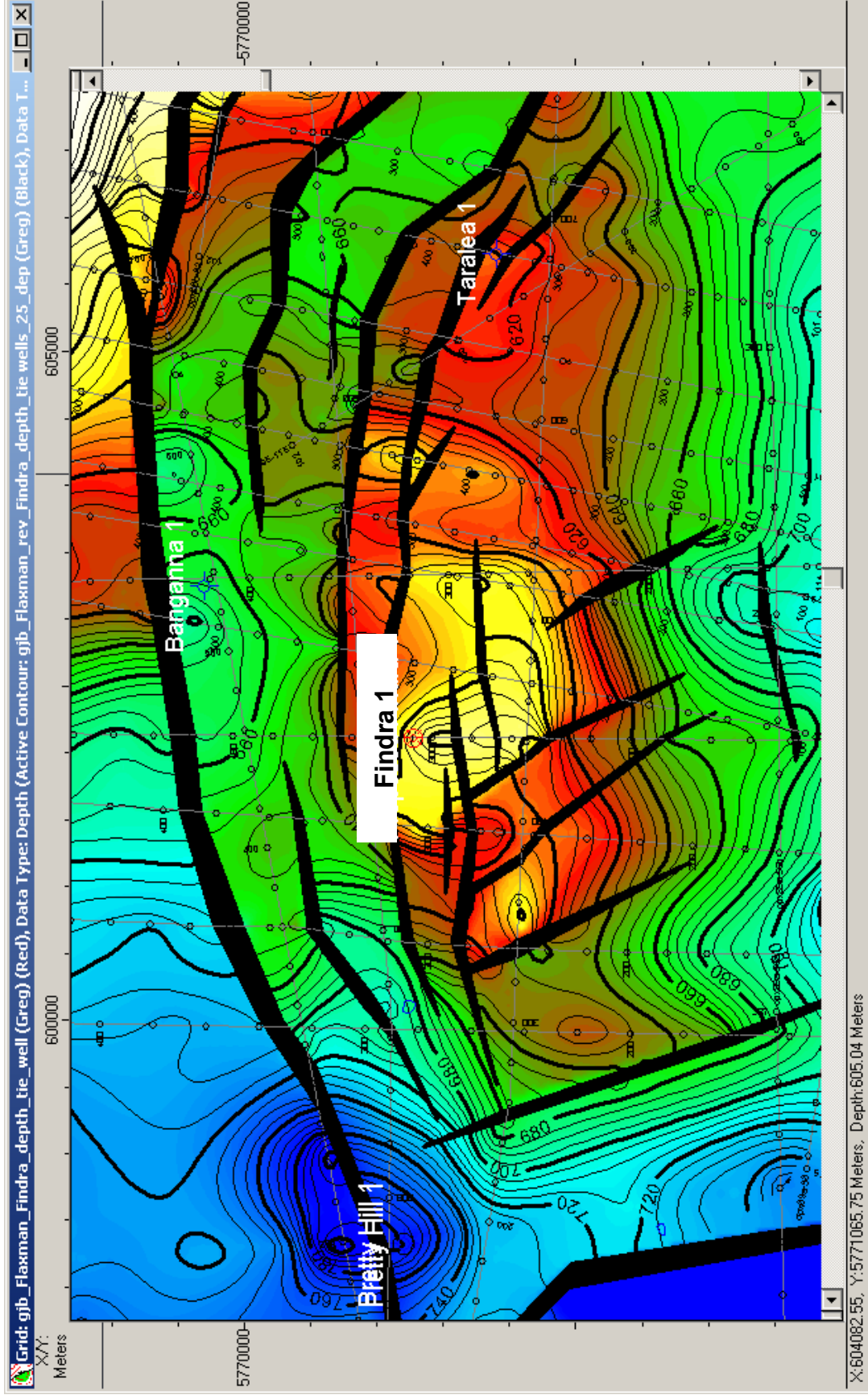


Figure 4 Findra: top Flaxman depth.



2 WELL HISTORY

2.1 GENERAL DATA

General well data are given in Table 1, and the location shown in Figure 1. The surveyor's report is shown in Appendix 1.

Table 1: General Well Data

Well name:	Findra 1
Classification:	Exploration
Permit operator:	Essential Petroleum Resources Limited
Well operator:	Essential Petroleum Resources Limited Level 2, 226 Albert Rd South Melbourne, Victoria 3205
Participants:	Essential Petroleum Resources Limited Level 2, 226 Albert Road South Melbourne, Victoria 3205
Basin:	Otway Basin, onshore western Victoria
Lease:	PEP 159
Seismic location:	110 m at 342° (mag) from Line OBE00a-05, SP 309.5
Coordinates: Datum GDA94	Latitude 38° 13' 18.91", Longitude 142° 10' 04.84" Easting 602,240.4m, Northing 5,768,902.6m, MGA Zone 54
Elevation:	Ground Level (GL): 58.60 metres AHD Rotary Table (RT): 62.51 metres AHD (All depths relate to RT unless otherwise stated)
Property owner:	RJ & JM Moloney Bootahpool Block, 10 Tarrone Estate C.A. 10 Section C.212_1
Nearest town:	The coastal township of Port Fairy, approximately 25 km south-southeast of the well.
Nearest wells:	Pretty Hill 1, Taralea 1, Banganna 1
Measured depth:	889 m (Driller) 879 m (Logger)
Spud date:	12:30:00 on 26/06/2004.
TD reached:	22:00:00 on 29/06/2004.
Days to Drill:	3.5 days
Drill rig released:	10:00 on 2/07/2004
Well status:	Plugged and Abandoned.

2.2 CONTRACTORS

Table 2: List of Contractors

Service	Contractor
Operator	Essential Petroleum Resources Limited
Drilling Manager	Jim Slater, Kelly Down Consultants Pty Ltd
Environmental Site Assessment	Enesar Environmental Consultants Pty Ltd.
Precollar Drilling	Sides Engineering
Drilling Rig	Hunt Drilling Rig 2
Location Survey	Vincent Land Surveying, Warrnambool
Site Construction	Walter Mellis, Waldoo Pty. Ltd.
Water Well	P. Mahoney, Pt Fairy
Cementing	Halliburton
Mud	RMN Drilling Fluids
Mud Logging	Geoservices
Electric Logging	Schlumberger
Drilling Tools	Hunt Energy
Casing	Halliburton
Wellheads	Wood Group
Accommodation	Rig camp at Killarney location
Communications	South West Communications

3 ENGINEERING DATA

3.1 WELL STATUS

After logging the well was plugged and abandoned on 2/07/04.

3.2 OPERATIONAL SUMMARY

3.2.1 Logistics and Planning

Kelly Down Consultants Pty Ltd managed the drilling on behalf of Essential Petroleum Resources Limited. Supply and service contractors are listed in Table 2.

3.2.2 Site Preparation

The well location as picked on seismic was in a black-soil paddock, which would have become boggy in wet conditions. It was considered that bringing in enough fill to construct a drilling pad secure in wet weather would have been prohibitively expensive, and the well location was shifted on to a nearby basalt rise (Fig. 5).

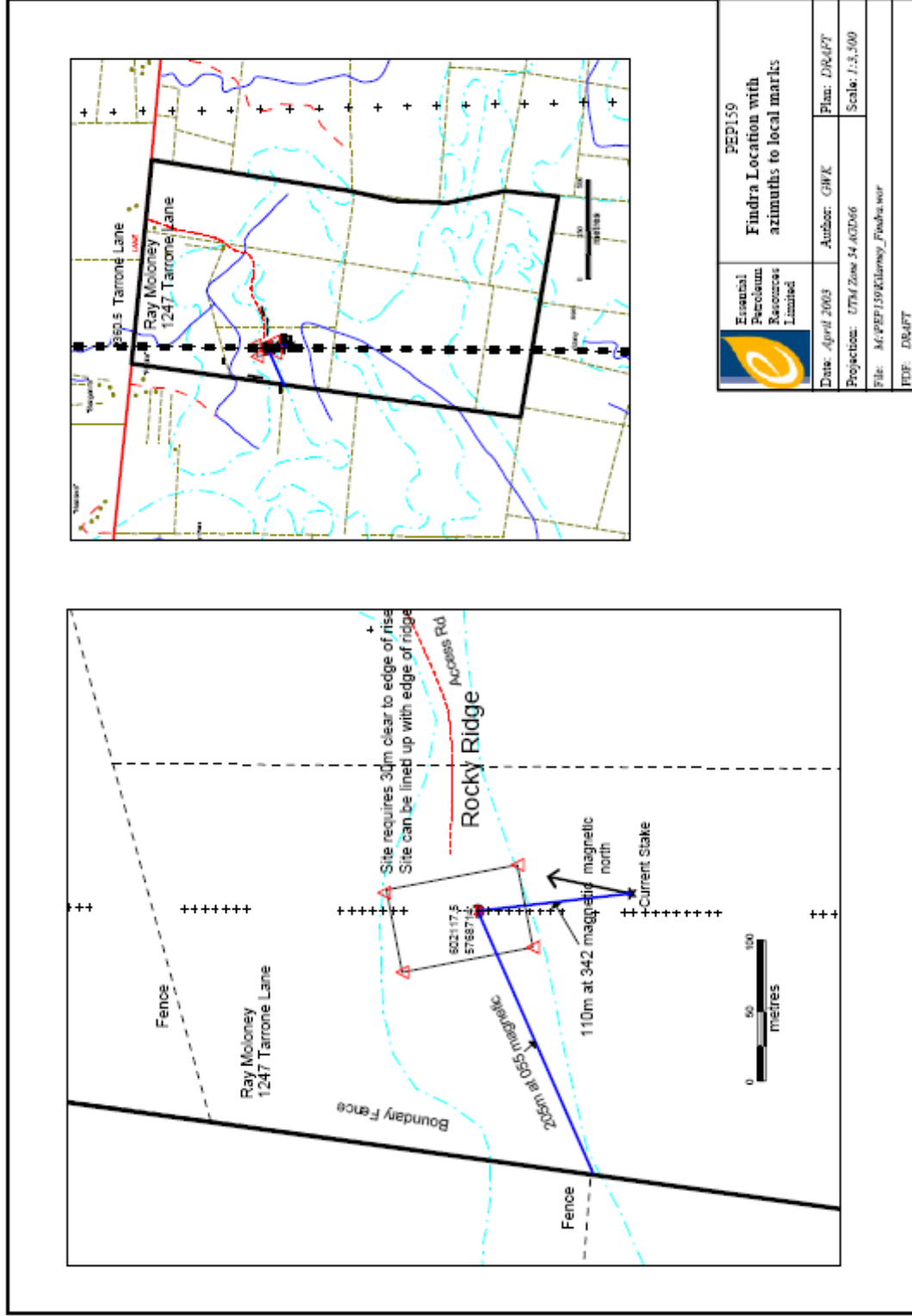



Figure 5. Well location on basalt rise.

 Essential Petroleum Resources Limited	PEP159	
	Findra Location with azimuths to local marks	
Date: April 2003	Author: GHWK	Plan: DR447
Projection: UTM Zone 54 AGD86		Scale: 1:3,500
File: M:\PEP159\Tarrone_Findra.wor		
IDP: DR447		

Due to basalt formation at the surface, Sides Engineering were mobilised with a Bourne rig equipped with air compressors and hammers to set the conductor and drill the mousehole and rathole. The precollar hole was air hammered to the base of the basalt, then clay and limestone were mud rotary drilled to a depth of 62 m (RT Sides rig). 13³/₈" conductor casing was run and cemented to 39mRT.

3.2.3 Mobilisation and Pre Spud

Hunt Rig 2 was mobilised from the Killarney 1 site. Rig setup was completed 11:30 25 June 2004. The BHA was run in and hard cement tagged inside the conductor pipe at 39m, and the surface lines pressure-tested. A pre-spud safety meeting was held on the rig at 23:30hrs on June 25, 2004.

3.2.4 12¹/₄" Hole section

Findra 1 was spudded at 00:30 hrs on the June 26, 2004. Cement was drilled out from 37 to 60m. The 12¹/₄" hole section was drilled using gel caustic spud mud at 8.7ppg. From 60 to 79m drilling took place with reduced parameters to minimise hole washout. 12¹/₄" hole was drilled to 153m (section TD) without incident. Surveys were recorded of 1.5° at 68m, and 1.0° at 141m. A wiper trip was run, and the hole circulated clean before casing.

3.2.5 9⁵/₈" Surface String

A string of 9⁵/₈" 36 ppg K55 BTC casing was run to a shoe depth of 153m. The string was cemented to surface with 200 sacks of class A cement (15.6 ppg plus 2% CaCl) and displaced with 34.9 BBL water. Cement returns to surface were noted after 33 bbl displaced. Plugs were bumped with 230 psi and pressure tested to 1600psi. After waiting on cement for 18 hours, the BOPs were installed, nipped up and tested successfully at 300 and 2000psi. Pressure testing of the choke manifold, pipe rams and kill line valve to 300psi and 2500psi was successful.

3.2.6 8¹/₂" Hole Section

The 8¹/₂" BHA were made up and run in. Cement was tagged at 132 mRT, the rathole cleaned to 153 m and the plug and shoe drilled to 156 m. The hole was displaced to 8.65 ppg PHPA KCl mud and circulated. A successful formation integrity test was conducted to 12.54 ppg mud weight equivalent, using 8.65 ppg mud with 100 psi surface pressure. New 8¹/₂" hole drilled without incident to 534 m using a tricone (IADC code 417) bit with 10-15Klb WoB. The rate of penetration averaged between 21.4 and 28 m/hr. A survey was recorded of 1.5° at 348m, and samples were circulated up after drilling breaks at 474m and 506m. The weight on bit was reduced to 8-10Klbs above and through the target zones, and from 534m to 889 mRT (TD) the rate of penetration was 16.2-17.1 m/hr. A survey was recorded of 2.0° at 596m, and sample circulated up after a drilling break at 632 m.

The hole was circulated clean after reaching TD. The drill string was pulled back to the casing, during which tight spots were encountered between 380 and 250 mRT. The string was run back in and a tight spot at 505 mRT was washed and reamed to 516 m. The drill string run in, fill was tagged at 873 m, and the hole was washed 16 m to the bottom. The hole was circulated clean and Schlumberger rigged for logging.

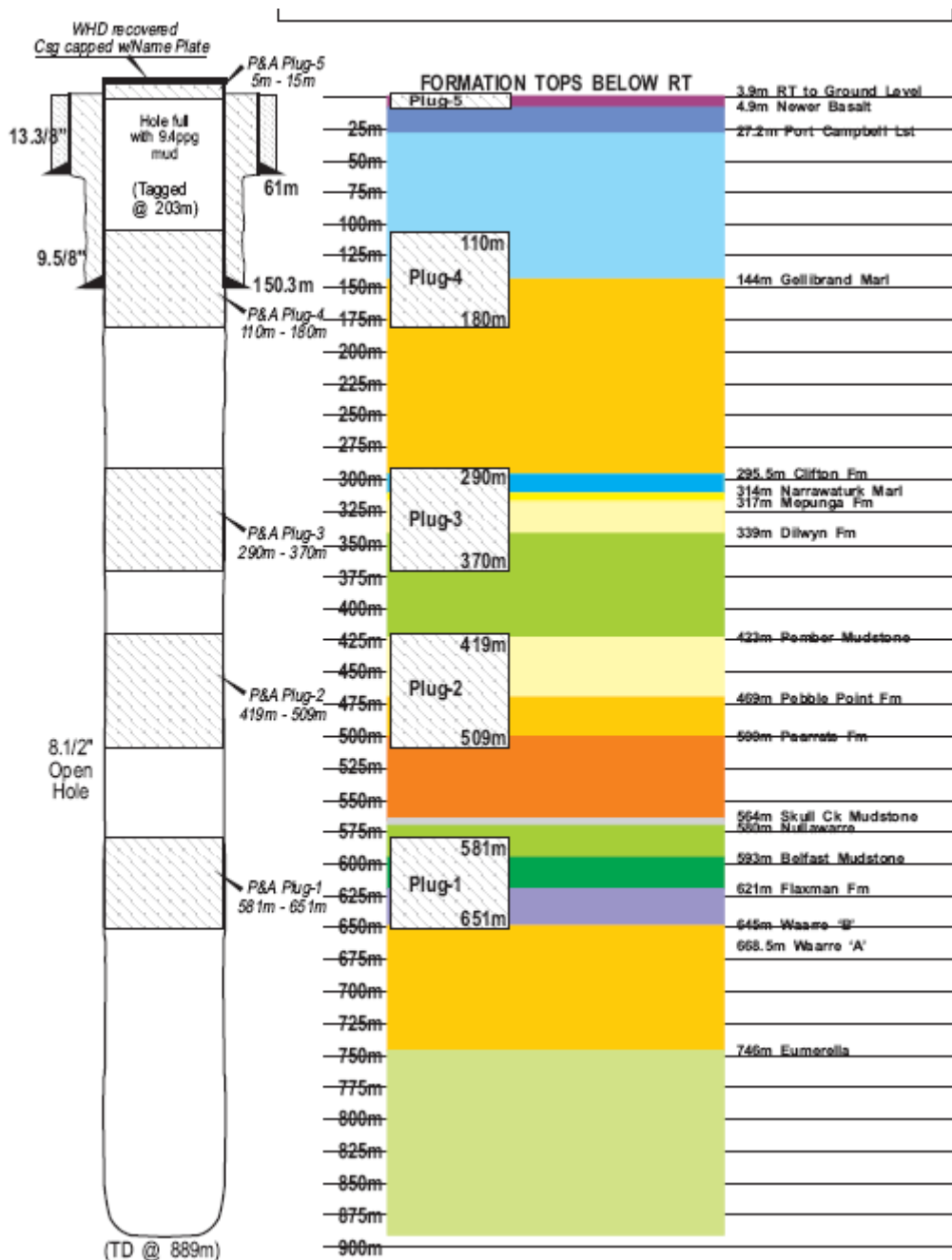


Figure 6. Findra 1 abandonment schematic.

3.2.7 Plug and Abandon

Findra 1 was plugged and abandoned. The abandonment schematic is shown in Fig. 6. The drill string was run in open-ended to 1428m. Plugs were set:

- Plug #1, across the Flaxman Formation 651-581 m, with 88 sx class A cement.
- Plug #2, across the Pebble Point Formation 509-419 m, with 113 sx class A cement.
- Plug #3, across the Dilwyn Formation 370m to 290 m, with 101 sx class A cement
- Plug #4, across the 9⁵/₈ casing shoe 180-110 m, with 101 sx class A cement

After waiting on cement Plug #4 was tagged at 112 m with 5Klb. The drill string was pulled out, BOP nipped down and the wellhead recovered. Surface 10m cement plug was set. The rig was released at 10:00 2/07/2004.

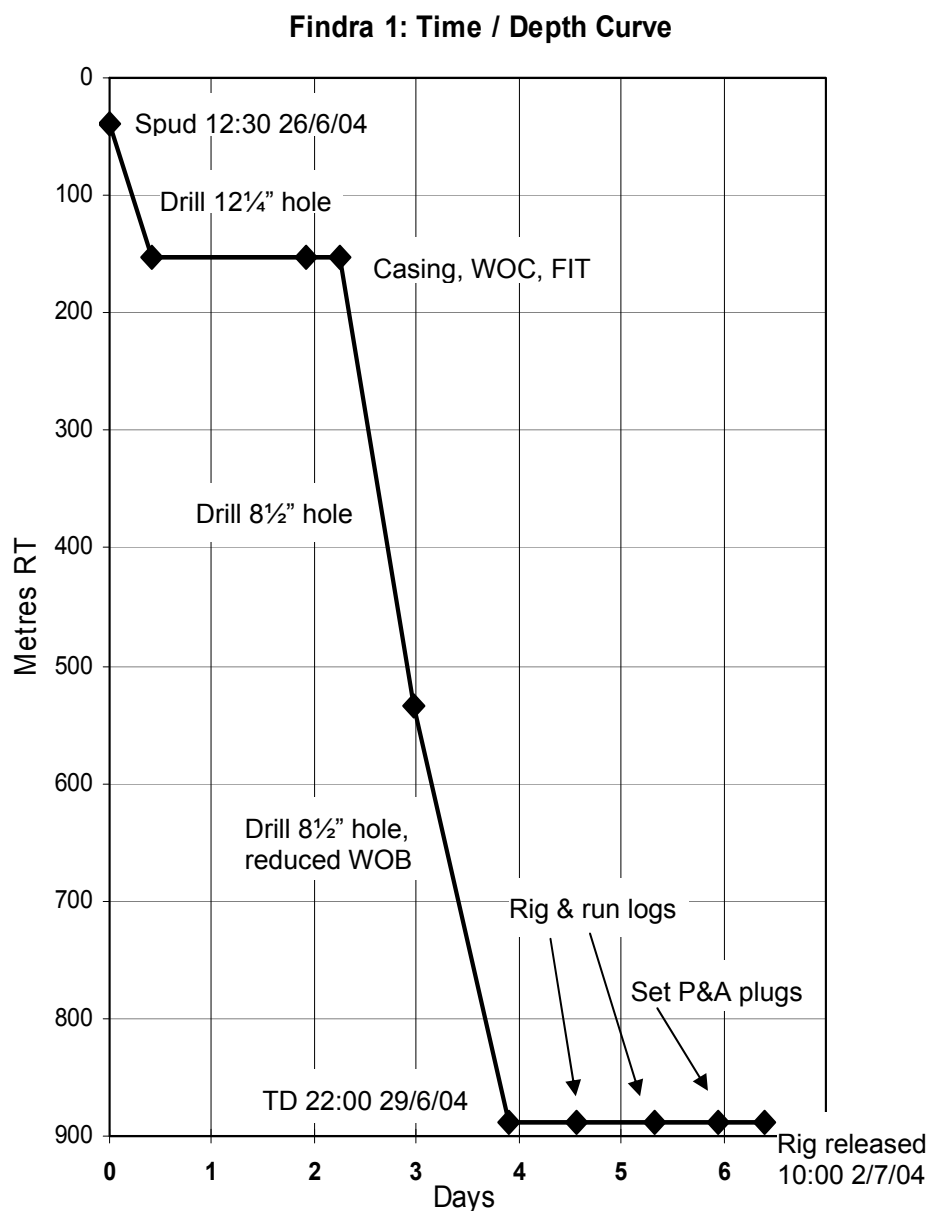


Figure 7: Findra 1 time-depth curve

3.3 DAILY OPERATIONS

3.3.1 Daily Drilling Reports

The details of the daily activities during rig up and drilling operations for the Findra 1 well are presented in the Daily Drilling reports in Appendix 2.

3.3.2 Time Performance

The time – depth curve for Findra 1 is presented in Figure 7 and a time breakdown is presented in Table 3. No delays occurred. In the lower half of the 8 ½” section, the weight on bit was reduced to facilitate lithological description above and through the target zones. The rate of penetration was slightly reduced but this did not slow the well’s progress significantly.

OPERATION	HOURS	%
Drill Actual	48.5	27.2
Rig up/down	34	19.1
Reaming / Washing	1	0.6
Rig Repairs	9	5.1
Logging	20.5	11.5
Condition Mud, Circulate Samples	6.5	3.7
Casing & Cementing	14	7.9
Tripping for Bit / TD / condition hole	18.5	10.4
Tripping to Evaluate Well	0	0.0
Hole Problems	0	0.0
Deviation Surveys	2	1.1
Install wellhead / BOP / LOT	17	9.6
Abandon Well	6	3.4
Routine HSE	1	0.6
HSE Related Incidents	0	0.0
TOTAL	178	100

Table 3 Findra 1 completion time summary.

3.3.3 Surveys

Deviation measured in the well did not exceed 2.0°. Surveys are shown in Table 4.

Depth	Deviation
68	1.5°
141	1.0°
348	1.5°
596	2.0°

Table 4: Deviation Surveys

3.4 BHA AND BIT SUMMARIES

Bit No	In	mm	Jets	Make	Type	IADC code	In	Out	Made	Hrs	Cond	Reason Pulled
	17 ½	445					3.9	61	57			Casing point
	Notes		Pre-collar hole was air hammered to base basalt then mud rotary drilled to section TD									
1rr	12 ¼	311	3 x 18	HTC	M22	117	61	153	92	5	3-3-WT-A-E-1-NO-TD	Casing point
	BHA		12 ¼" Bit + F?Sub+ 1x 8" DC + X-over + 8x 6½" DC + 4x HWDC = 132.4m									
2rr	8 ½	216	3 x 13	Varel	CH04MS	417	153	889	736	37	4-2-BT-L-E-I-LT-TD	TD
	BHA		8 ½ TCI Bit + F/Sub + 1x 6¼" DC + Stab + 12x 6¼" DC + Jars + 6x 6¼" DC + 6 HWDP = 244.9m									

Table 5: Bit and BHA Record

3.5 CASING AND CEMENTING SUMMARY

The casing and cementing program is summarised in Table 6, and the casing running list and plugging program are presented in Appendix 3.

Hole Size (in)	Hole Depth (mRT)	Casing Size (in)	Shoe Depth (mRT)	Casing type	Casing Eqpt	Cementing	Comment
17 ½	61.0	13 ¾"	61.0	68 ppf K55 BTC		To surface	
12 ¼	153	9 ⅝"	150.3	36 ppf K55 BTC	Float shoe, float collar	To surface with 200 sx Class A at 15.6 ppg plus 2% CaCl. Displaced with 34.9bbl water. Cement returns observed. Plugs bumped with 1600 psi.	FIT: held 12.54 ppg MWE with 8.65 ppg drilling fluid.

Table 6: Casing and Cementing Details

3.6 DRILLING FLUIDS

Drilling fluid details are summarised in the Operational summaries (Section 3.2). The drilling fluid contractor's mud recap is provided in Appendix 4. Drilling fluid chemistry was effective throughout the well.

4 FORMATION SAMPLING AND TESTING

4.1 CUTTINGS

Cuttings were collected at 10 m intervals to a depth of 450 mRT, at 3 or 6 m intervals from 450 to 714 mRT, and at 9 m intervals from 714 to 889 mRT (TD). Cuttings descriptions are presented in Appendix 5.

4.2 CORES

No sidewall cores or conventional cores were cut.

4.3 TESTING

Zones exhibiting log porosity were investigated by MDT pressure testing (see 4.5 Wireline Logging). Fifteen pretests were attempted, of which 13 were good. The results are presented in Enclosure 3, and summarised in Fig. 8. The pressure gradients derived from the MDT indicated a water gradient in Findra 1. No other testing was carried out.

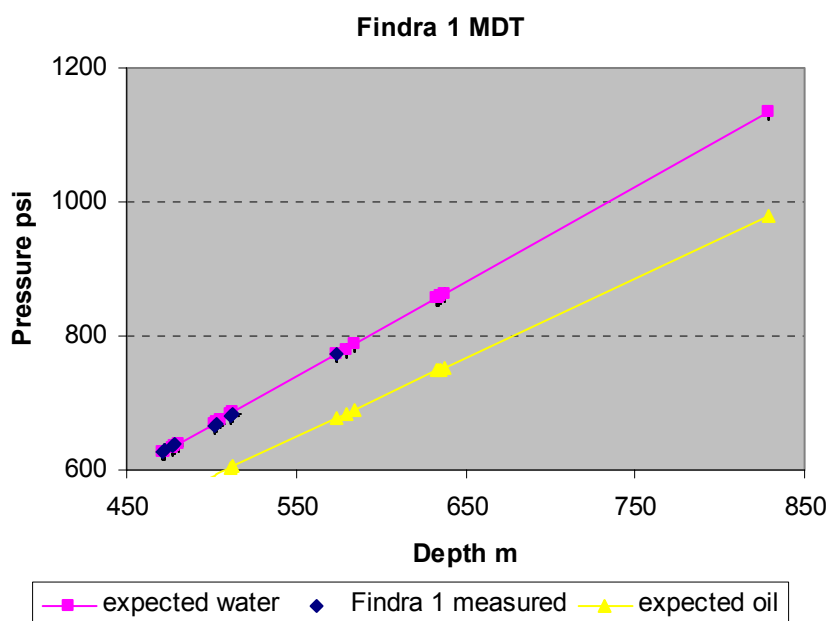


Figure 8 Summary results of MDT testing.

4.4 MUD LOGGING

Geoservices provided a skid mounted mudlogging unit. Depth, penetration rate, mud gas, pump rate, and mud volume data as well as mud chromatographic analysis was recorded from 62m RT to total depth. Rate of penetration, weight on bit, total gas and chromatography were recorded and plotted on the Formation Evaluation Log (Mud Log) and are presented in Enclosure 1.

4.5 WIRELINE LOGGING

Wireline logging was carried out using a Schlumberger MAXIS unit. The logging suite consisted of three logging runs. During the second logging run, an electrical fault was observed with the CSAT tool, which was unable to be fixed. A composite log is provided in Enclosure 2. Individual Logs are presented in Enclosure 3. Details of the log depth intervals for each log run are presented in Table 7.

Run	Depth (mRT)	Log	Top Log Interval	Bottom Log Interval	BHT Deg. C
1	879	GR	42	876.7	48
		SP	150	850	
		HALS	155	879	
		PEX	155	868	
		BHC	140	870	
		HNGS	455	863	
2	unsuccessful	CSAT	-	-	
	879	MDT	471	637.5	48

Table 7 Wireline logging.

4.6 VELOCITY SURVEY

A velocity check shot survey was attempted but the CSAT tool's shot firing circuitry failed and could not be replaced. No log was taken and no synthetic seismogram was constructed.

4.7 PETROPHYSICAL ANALYSIS

A petrophysical analysis of the wireline logs is presented in Appendix 7, and a summary of the results is given below.

“The purpose of this study was to examine the reservoir characteristics of the sands encountered in the Findra-1. The wireline logs were quantitatively interpreted over the interval 290m to 850m to determine shale volume, porosity and water saturation.

Findra-1 was spudded on 26th June, 2004, by Essential Petroleum Pty Ltd and drilled to a total depth of 879m. No fluorescence associated with sands was recorded throughout the reservoir section and no significant gas shows were recorded. The well was plugged and abandoned as a dry well on 2nd July, 2004.

The Dilwyn Formation (332-416m) consisted of excellent quality reservoir sandstones interbedded with shale. The sands are described as clean, very fine to very coarse grained and quartzose. A total of 29.1m of net sand is interpreted over the gross interval 338.5-386.5m with an average porosity of 28.2%. There were no visual or significant gas shows observed during drilling and the high resistivity of 18 ohm over this interval is indicative of fresh water. The sands are interpreted to be entirely water saturated.

The interval 469-482m, within the Pebble Point Formation is interpreted to consist of good quality reservoir sands interbedded with shales. A total of 8.2m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the gross interval 469.0-482.0m with an average porosity 18.8%. There were no visual or gas shows observed during drilling and the interval is interpreted to be entirely water saturated. Resistivities are slightly lower (approximately 10 ohm) which correspond to the slightly more saline formation waters as indicated by the SP response (+20mV)

The Paaratte Formation (498-565m) is interpreted to consist of good reservoir quality sandstones over the interval 500.0-513.5m. A total of 8.8m of net reservoir sand is interpreted with an average porosity of 30.3%. The entire Paaratte Formation is interpreted to be water saturated.

The Flaxman Formation (615-647m) consists of interbedded glauconitic sandstone and siltstone. The PEF varies between 2.5 and 3.8 reflecting the strong presence of glauconite. The sands are described as fine to medium grained with poor visual porosity. A total of 9.3m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the interval 630.0-640.0m with an average porosity of 24.5% and is interpreted to be entirely water saturated. Resistivities have reduced further to 2-3ohmm over this interval, indicating an increase in formation water salinity.”

5 GEOLOGY

5.1 STRATIGRAPHY

The stratigraphic section penetrated in Findra 1 is shown in Table 8 below. Formation tops were picked by reference to Pretty Hill 1 and Taralea 1.

Stratigraphic Unit		Depth RT (m)	Thickness (m)	Elevation AHD (m)
Newer Basalt		0.0	30.0	62.5
Pt Campbell Lst	Heytesbury	30.0	141.0	32.5
Gellibrand Marl		171.0	124.5	-108.5
Clifton Fm		295.5	18.5	-233.0
Narrawaturk Marl	Nirran-da	314.0	3.0	-251.5
Mepunga Fm		317.0	22.0	-254.5
Dilwyn Fm	Wangerrip	339.0	84.0	-276.5
Pember Mudstone		423.0	42.0	-360.5
Pebble Pt Formation		465.0	18.0	-402.5
Massacre Shale		483.0	17.0	-420.5
Timboon Sst	Sherbrook	500.0	16.0	-437.5
Paaratte Fm		516.0	48.5	-453.5
Skull Ck Mbr		564.5	3.5	-502.0
Nullawarre Gsnd		568.0	24.0	-505.5
Belfast Mdst		592.0	29.0	-529.5
Flaxman Fm		621.0	32.5	-558.5
(Flaxman Fm Sst)		(630.0-641.0)	11.0	(-567.5)
Waarre Fm (B)		653.5	46.5	-591.0
Waarre Fm (A)		700.0	73.0	-637.5
Eumeralla Fm		773.0	106.0	-710.5
TD (wireline)	879.0		-816.5	

Table 8 Stratigraphic Table

5.2 LITHOLOGY

The full cutting descriptions are provided in Appendix 5 and summarised by interval on the Composite Well Log. Formations encountered in Findra 1 are described below.

Newer Basalt and unnamed Quaternary sediments (0-30.0m)

Newer Basalt from 4 to 20 m was underlain by mottled red and yellow clays to a depth of 27 m. (Depths are to the Sides Engineering rotary table.)

Heytesbury Group, Late Eocene to Pliocene

Port Campbell Limestone (30.0–171.0m)

The upper section (27-62 mRT) of the Port Campbell Limestone, drilled by the precollar contractor, is off-white to yellow calcarenite, hard at the bottom and producing water near the top. Much of the remainder of the Port Campbell Limestone is fine to coarse grained pale calcarenite, friable to occasionally hard, and a light grey sandy micritic calcisiltite containing abundant fossils (shells, bryozoans, forams, and rare shark teeth). In the bottom 30 metres, the calcisiltite becomes increasingly marly, and the lower part of the Port Campbell Limestone is marl with thin interbeds of calcarenite.

Gellibrand Marl (171.0– 295.5m)

The Gellibrand Marl consists of light to medium grey-brown, occasionally light greenish and bluish grey finely sandy/silty micritic marl, containing fine to very coarse fossil material (echinoid and bryozoan) with occasional traces of very finely dispersed glauconite. The marl becomes increasingly clay-rich with depth. The top of the Gellibrand Marl is picked on the geophysical logs where the limestone stringers cease.

Clifton Formation (295.5–314.0 m)

In the Clifton Formation, marl (as above) is interbedded with mottled yellow to medium grey calcarenite, becoming mottled orange and reddish grey at the base. The calcarenite is very fine to medium grained, micritic, microcrystalline, with minor very fine quartz silt in the matrix. The top of the Clifton Formation is defined by a break towards faster sonic on the geophysical logs, reflecting increasing cementation.

Nirranda Group, Middle Eocene to Early Oligocene

Narrawaturk Marl (314.0–317.0 m)

The Narrawaturk Marl is thin at this location, and was not apparent in cuttings, but is represented by a high-gamma, low sonic interval on the geophysical logs which is correlated with the Narrawaturk Marl on the basis of its stratigraphic position between quartz clastics (below) and calcarenites (above).

Mepunga Formation (317.0–339.0 m)

In the Mepunga Formation, soft brown dispersive claystone containing abundant brown very fine quartz grains is interbedded with a medium brown silty to very fine grained sucrosic quartzose sandstone, in firm aggregates with moderate to dense dolomitic and calcareous cement, with traces of loose coarse and very coarse quartz grains. The proportion of sandy claystone increases with depth.

Wangerrip Group, Palaeocene to Middle Eocene

Dilwyn Formation (339.0–423.0 m)

The Dilwyn Formation consists of interbedded sandstone, silty claystone, and siltstone. The sandstone appears in cuttings as clean loose fine to very coarse quartzose grains, clear to white, with traces of brown silty matrix. The sandy interbeds are largest and most common in the top of two-thirds of the interval. The siltstone and silty claystone are light brown, dark brown, or brownish grey, soft and dispersive, and contain common pyrite nodules. The top of the Dilwyn Formation is picked on a change from the

overlying sandy claystone to the top of the first clean massive porous quartzose sandstone. The base of the Dilwyn Formation is picked on the last sandstone interbed, and a decrease in sonic velocity down into the Pember Mudstone.

Pember Mudstone (423.0–465.0 m)

The Pember Mudstone is a lithologically uniform silty claystone, light to dark brown but mottled brick-red at the top of the interval, soft, very finely sandy in part, and with traces of fossil fragments. The homogenous nature of the mudstone is reflected in the consistent sonic, density, and gamma geophysical log character.

Pebble Point Formation (465.0–483.0 m)

The top of the Pebble Point Formation is picked on the first appearance of glauconite in the cuttings, and a corresponding change in log character: especially the PEF curve but also reflected in a sonic break towards faster velocities. The top four meters of the formation is a glauconitic mudstone. The remainder of the Pebble Point Formation is a brown to translucent fine to very coarse poorly sorted sandstone, in which the subangular to subrounded loose grains have an abundant silty matrix washing out. The inferred porosity is poor to occasionally good.

Massacre Shale (483.0–500.0 m)

The Massacre Shale is a dark grey very finely sandy glauconitic siltstone. It has a characteristic high gamma ray log signature, with high PEF and a fast sonic due to cementation by the glauconite.

Sherbrook Group, Late Cretaceous

Timboon Sandstone (500.0–516.0 m)

In the Timboon Sandstone, sandstone and minor interbeds of shale occur in two coarsening-upwards cycles. The sandstone is fine to coarse but predominantly medium grained, occurring as clear to white of light grey loose sub angular quartzose grains, with traces of grey lithic grains and composite quartz grains. Porosity is inferred to be poor in the presence of the common dense pyrite cement, but otherwise good.

Paaratte Formation (516.0–564.5 m)

The Paaratte Formation consists of mudstones (siltstones and silty claystones) with interbedded muddy sandstones. The top of the formation is picked at the base of the high gamma ray signature of the lowermost coarsening-upwards cycle of the Timboon Sandstone. The speckled light grey to brown siltstone is soft, micaceous, friable, and very pyritic in parts; pyritic streaks in the formation are evident on the geophysical logs as PEF peaks. The silty claystone is homogenous, medium to greyish brown, soft but occasionally hard when silicified. It is very finely silty and sandy, and rarely glauconitic. The sandstone appears as loose clear to translucent grains with abundant clay matrix washing out.

Skull Creek Mudstone (564.5–568.0 m)

The Skull Creek Mudstone is represented in Findra 1 by a 3 m interval of medium greyish brown finely sandy silty claystone which is soft and dispersive. It grains upwards into the Paaratte Formation siltstone.

Nullawarre Greensand (568.0 –592.0 m)

The Nullawarre Greensand consists of interbedded sandstone and siltstone. Geophysical logs indicate that the Nullawarre is sandy in the upper 5 m, including a 1 m tightly cemented band centred around 572 m. The bottom half of the Nullawarre Greensand is dominated by siltstone. Two types of sandstone occur: one presenting as loose clear very fine to fine quartz grains, and the other (comprising 80% of the sample) being mottled grey, brown, or speckled greenish grey very fine grained sucrosic aggregates. A dense silica cement is present, and the aggregates are hard with no visual porosity. The light brown to brownish grey siltstone is very finely sandy and contains traces of glauconite. It is dispersive and predominantly soft although in part it is silicified and very hard.

Belfast Mudstone (592.0–621.0 m)

The Belfast Mudstone is a homogeneous medium to dark brownish grey silty claystone, soft and sticky, with common pyrite nodules, traces of shelly fossil fragments, and occasional discrete very coarse quartz grains. The top of the Belfast Mudstone is picked at a return to consistent mudstone lithology in samples and on the gamma ray log.

Flaxman Formation (intra -Belfast sandstone) (621.0–653.5 m)

The Flaxman Formation consists of glauconitic sandstone and silty claystone, and it is top was picked on the appearance of glauconite in the samples and the corresponding changes to the PEF log character. The top and bottom of the Flaxman Formation consist of greyish brown, speckled green and black, or greenish to yellowish grey silty claystone containing abundant fine glauconite. There is a central sandy 11 m interval in which fine to medium (occasionally coarse and very coarse) loose grains contain 70% quartz, 30% glauconite, with the proportion of glauconite decreasing in clean high ROP sections. The grains are clear, green, or yellow, moderately sorted, angular to subrounded, predominantly clean but in part with a silty matrix which increases towards the base of the interval. The inferred porosity is fair to good. At the base of the Flaxman Formation, a hard to very hard glauconitic sandstone, consisting of 50-90% very fine to coarse glauconite in a dense silty glauconitic matrix, grades into a firm to hard glauconitic siltstone. There is no visual porosity. This glauconitic hardground causes a very high response on the PEF log. The base of this interval marks the base of the Flaxman Formation.

Waarre Formation (unit B) (653.5–700.0 m)

The Waarre Formation (unit B) contains medium greyish and greenish brown sandy siltstone with loose quartz, glauconite, a trace of pyrite nodules and a trace of yellow mineral fluorescence, and off-white, light grey, greyish brown or occasionally read mottled and Fe stained sandy and silty claystone in which there are minor pyrite nodules and traces of carbonaceous material and blocky brown coal.

Waarre Formation (Unit A) (700.0–773.0 m)

The Waarre Formation (unit A) is predominantly silty sandstone, interbedded with minor siltstone and silty claystone. The micaceous silty sandstone is poorly sorted, very fine grained, pale grey or greyish and greenish brown, in loose grains and silty aggregates and including abundant cherty and consolidated siltstone lithic grains, common coarse pyrite nodules, and traces of brick-red lithic grains and glauconite. The siltstone is very light grey or brown with occasionally medium brown laminations, and

rarely dark grey and pale bluish grey. It is very soft, very finely sandy in parts, and contains traces of pyrite. The top of the Waarre (A) is picked on the first appearance of lithic clasts in the samples.

Eumeralla Formation (773.0–879.0 m (logger) TD)

The portion of the Eumeralla Formation penetrated in Findra 1 consists of an upper litharenite sandstone, an interval of sandy claystone, and a lower interval in which litharenite sandstone grades downwards into sandy siltstone and claystone. The sandstone is a grey or greenish grey quartz litharenite containing abundant lithic grains (grey, green, occasionally black and red), predominantly as loose grains with a fine clay matrix washing out, but occasionally as calcareous cemented aggregates. The light brown sandy siltstone and sandy claystone contains very fine or fine and medium sand, and lithic grains. The claystone is light to dark brown or grey and contains sandy and carbonaceous laminations and traces of pyrite nodules. The top of the Eumeralla Formation was picked on the appearance of abundant lithic grains.

5.3 RESERVOIR QUALITY AND HYDROCARBON INDICATIONS

The observed and interpreted porosity and hydrocarbon indications in individual zones of interest are detailed in Table 9.

Few very porous zones, as demonstrated by neutron/density crossover in the geophysical logs, exist in Findra 1. The Dilwyn Formation shows 30 m of porosity between 338 and 396m. Porous bands (1-2 m in thickness) exist in the lower Dilwyn (405-415 m) and the Timboon Sandstone (500-513 m). Petrophysics indicates excellent to good quality reservoir sandstones interbedded with shales in both the Dilwyn and the Pebble Point Formations. The Timboon Sandstone has good reservoir quality sandstones from 500 to 513.5 m; in the petrophysical report this interval is described as being part of the Paaratte Formation as the Timboon was not differentiated at the time of that report. The Paaratte Formation is more shaly with only thin tight sands. The Skull Creek Mudstone has some minor interbeds of thin sands with an average porosity of 21.3%. A 9.3 m sandy unit within the Flaxman Formation has good porosity. Sands within the Waarre Formation (A) are argillaceous so the effective porosity is low. Sands within the Eumeralla Formation are also argillaceous.

No shows were observed during the drilling of Findra 1. A trace of yellow mineral fluorescence was noted at 657 m in the Paaratte Formation. Intermittent gas was measured from 550 m (10-100 ppm), becoming more common with depth. From 647 m background gas was consistently present, with the average rising steadily with depth from ~200 ppm to ~2000 ppm at TD. Methane was the only gas type present. Gas background increased slightly during drilling breaks consistent with the increased drilling rate.

Formation	Interval (m RT)	Drill Porosity	Drill HC (maximum)	Petrophysical analysis
Dilwyn	338.5-386.5	nil to good	nil	Sw 98.6% 2.9m@28.2%
Pebble Point	469-482	fair	nil	Sw 99.3% 8.2m@18.8%
Timboon Sandstone	500-513.5	poor to good	nil	Sw 95.9 % 8.8m@30.3%
Paaratte Fm	551-464.5	nil	600 ppm	-
Skull Ck	569.5-579	nil	300 ppm	SW 99.5 % 2.9 m@ 21.3% Øeff
Nullawarre Greensand	585-592	nil	200 ppm	SW 100% 0.3 m@ 21.2 Øeff
Belfast Mudstone	592-621	nil	2000 ppm	-
Flaxman Fm	630-640	trace to fair	300 ppm	Sw 98% 9.3m@ 24.5% Øeff
	640-653.5	trace to nil	500 ppm	-
Waarre Fm (B)	653.5-700	trace	2500 ppm (C1 2500 ppm)	-
Waarre Fm (A)	700-773	nil	5000 ppm (C1 5000 ppm)	-
Eumeralla Fm	773-780.5	trace	5000 ppm (C1 5000 ppm)	-
	780.5-786.5	trace to nil	5000 ppm (C1 5000 ppm)	SW 97.2% 0.8m@15.2% Øeff
	786.5-889	nil	5000 ppm (C1 5000 ppm)	-

Table 9: Reservoir Quality and Hydrocarbon Indications

5.4 CONTRIBUTION TO GEOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE

1. In Findra 1 the sequence is attenuated; units are much thinner than here than elsewhere, and some are only present as beds of a few meters thickness.
2. The Pebble Point Formation sandstones are better developed in Findra 1 than they are in the nearby Taralea 1 well, and this is one of the few occurrences of reservoir-quality sandstones in this formation within PEP 159.
3. The Timboon Sandstone and the Massacre Shale were not differentiated in the prognosis for this well, however their lithological character is well-developed in Findra 1, leading to their identification.
4. The absence of shows in porous sections of the target zones suggests a failure of the charge mechanism.
5. The seismic amplitude anomaly mapped in the Flaxman Formation appears to be a product of the hard diagenetically-altered carbonate-cemented horizon immediately below then porous zone in the target sandstone.

Appendix 1: Location Survey

VICTORIA GAS WELL LOCATION

REFERENCE MARKS SKETCH PLAN

Well Name : Findra 1

AMG Zone 54 on AGD-66
Easting 602 120.3
Northing 5 768 725.5
LATITUDE S 38°13'24.70"
LONGITUDE 142°09'59.99"

MGA Zone 54 on GDA-94
Easting 602 240.4
Northing 5 768 902.6
LATITUDE S 38°13'18.91"
LONGITUDE 142°10'04.84"

Elevation of rotary table 62.51 (AHD)

Ground level 58.6 (AHD)

PM 2
E 600700.13
N 5769562.08

PM 27
E 597670.4
N 5769764.0

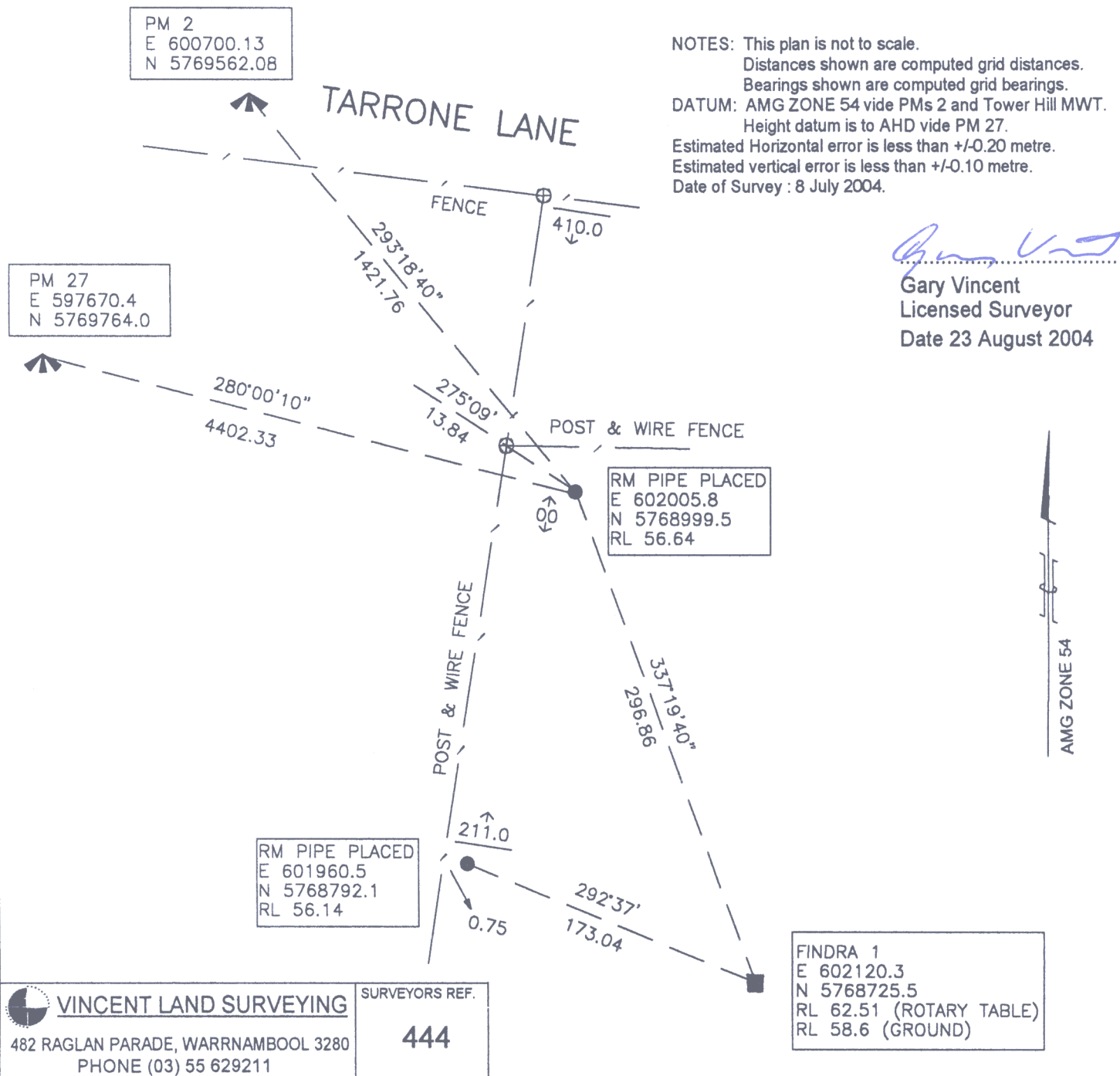
RM PIPE PLACED
E 602005.8
N 5768999.5
RL 56.64

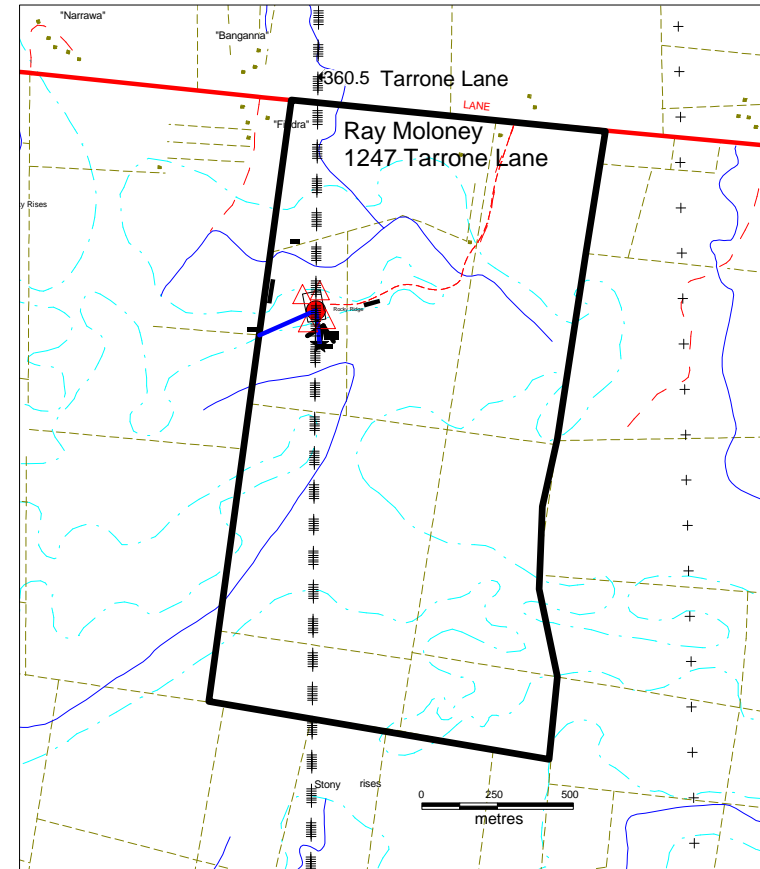
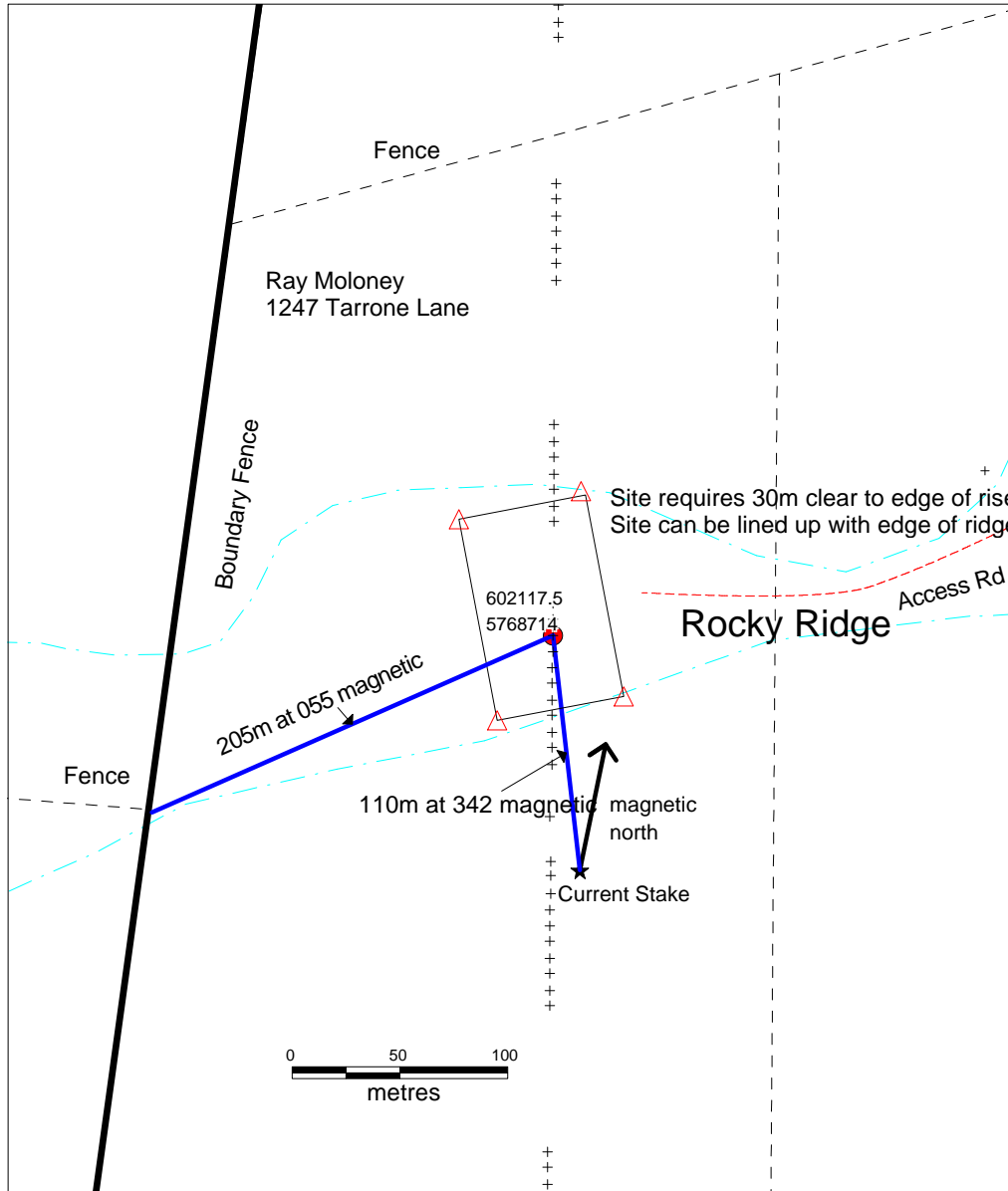
RM PIPE PLACED
E 601960.5
N 5768792.1
RL 56.14


FINDRA 1
E 602120.3
N 5768725.5
RL 62.51 (ROTARY TABLE)
RL 58.6 (GROUND)

NOTES: This plan is not to scale.
Distances shown are computed grid distances.
Bearings shown are computed grid bearings.
DATUM: AMG ZONE 54 vide PMs 2 and Tower Hill MWT.
Height datum is to AHD vide PM 27.
Estimated Horizontal error is less than +/-0.20 metre.
Estimated vertical error is less than +/-0.10 metre.
Date of Survey : 8 July 2004.

Gary Vincent
Gary Vincent
Licensed Surveyor
Date 23 August 2004





 Essential Petroleum Resources Limited	PEP159	
	Findra Location with azimuths to local marks	
Date: April 2003	Author: GWK	Plan: DRAFT
Projection: UTM Zone 54 AGD66		Scale: 1:3,500
File: M:\PEP159\Kilamey_Findra.wor		
PDF: DRAFT		

Appendix 2: Daily Drilling Reports



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	25-Jun-04
REPORT No:	1
D.F.S:	0.0
SHOE L.O.T:	

WELL NAME:	FINDRA-1	STATUS @ 2400 HRS:	Finish pre-spud meeting - pick up Kelly & prep to spud.
DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	39 m	FORMATION:	Pt Campbell Lst
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	39 m	HOLE SIZE:	12.1/4"
24 HR PROGRESS:	0 m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Held Pre-Spud & Safety meeting with crews.		

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	8.50	84sx Aus-Gel
VISCOSITY	60	1dr Caustic Soda
pH	8.5	
PV / YP	10 / 22	
GELS 10s/10m	9 / 19	
WL API / FC (cc)	-	
SOLIDS %	1.1	
SAND %	-	
CHLORIDES	800	
KCL (% WT)	-	
MBT (ppb)	25	
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.05 / 0.9	
TEMP (degC)	-	
HOLE VOL (bbls)	28	
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	180	
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	-	
MUD CO	RMN	
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird	

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:		

PUMPS		
	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		
PRESSURE		
GPM		
AV (DP - ft/min)		
AV (DC - ft/min)		
SPR		
SPR PRESS		

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	20 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	427 sx
DRILLWATER	80 %
DIESEL FUEL	5,000 lts

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	
NEXT BOP TEST	
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	532

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	23.5
3. DRILLING	
4. BIT TRIP	
5. WIPER TRIP	
6. SURVEY	
7. CIRC / COND	
8. CHANGE BHA	
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	0.5
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	1RR
SIZE (ins)	12.1/4"
TYPE	M22
IADC CODE	
SERIAL No.	6003062
NOZZLES	3 x 18
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	61.0
DRILLED (m)	-22.0
HOURS	
CONDITION	In
AVG ROP (m/hr)	
WOB (x1000 lbs)	
RPM	
JET VEL (ft/sec)	
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	
B.GAS (%)	
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

BHA.:	12.1/4" Bit + Float Sub + 1x 8" DC + Stab + 1x 8" DC + X-over + 1x 6.1/2" DC.		

BHA WEIGHT :	lbs	STRING WT.:	lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	0 lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

DATE: 25-Jun-04
 REPORT No: 1
 D.F.S: 0.0

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

WELL NAME: FINDRA-1

STATUS @ 2400 HRS: Finish pre-spud meeting - pick up Kelly & prep to spud.

FROM	TO	HRS	24 HOUR SUMMARY		
0:00	1:00	1.0	Wait on Crew hours to break Tour and continue rigging up.		
1:00	23:00	22.0	Rig up Rotary case & chain, Standpipe manifold & continue rigging up mud tanks. Rig up Pboy Degasser, slip 9m drill line, rig up V-Door and Catwalks. Pick up Swivel, Kelly & rathole sock. Continue rigging up rig floor & handling equipment, string Geolograph & survey lines. Dress off Conductor & prep for Riser. Load racks with BHA, strap & calliper. Weld on Riser & make up Flow line. Mix mud to prepare spud mud. Wash 2m fill at bottom of Mousehole and install sock.		
23:00	23:30	0.5	Make up bit and BHA, tag hard cement at 39m, pressure test surface lines to 1500psi & fix leaks - retest to 1500psi - OK.		
23:30	0:00	0.5	Hold Pre-spud & Safety meeting with rig crews.		
			DOWNHOLE TOOLS		
			Hours	Serial No.	Tool
				T-1587-0	String Stabiliser
			Incidents in last 24 Hours Y/N: No incidents no accidents (If yes see separate report)		
			- Weather:		
			Daylight:- cool, frequent heavy showers, windy;		
			Night:- cold, occ heavy showers, windy.		

FORMATION TOPS : -----

OPERATION TO 0600 HRS : Secure floor plates, check mud flow path & pump rates. Spud well at 0030hrs and drill hard cement from 39m to 60m. Circulate to clear cuttings and loose gravel from shoe. Drill ahead in 12.1/4" open hole to 72m. @ 0600hrs: Drilling ahead at 72m at 42m/hr.

PROGRAM - NEXT 24 HRS : Drill ahead in 12.1/4" surface hole to casing point; wiper trip, POOH, run 9.5/8" casing and cement. WOCement, slack off, lay out landing joint and nipple up BOP stack.

TRANSPORTATION		PERSONNEL		PROGRAMME COSTS	
TRANSPORT-1	1x K&S semi w/csg & mud in.	CONTRACTOR	19	DAILY AU \$:	
TRANSPORT-2	1x K&S p.mover w/Howco unit in.	OPERATOR	1	CUMULATIVE AU \$:	\$267,444
TRANSPORT-3	1x K&S p.mover w/Howco bulker in.	SERVICE CO	5	+10% GST to Cum.Total =	\$294,188 total cost to date
FORKLIFT				REPORTED TO :	J. Slater
WATER HAULER				REPORTED BY :	V. Ozolins
ROAD WORK		TOTAL :	25		

END OF REPORT



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	26-Jun-04
REPORT No:	2
D.F.S:	1.0
SHOE L.O.T:	

WELL NAME:	FINDRA-1	STATUS @ 2400 HRS:	WOCement - rig down casing tongs, clean mud tanks.
DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	153 m	FORMATION:	Gellibrand Marl
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	39 m	HOLE SIZE:	12.1/4"
24 HR PROGRESS:	114 m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's, Held Pre-Casing and Pre-Cementing job meetings.		
RT - GL (m):	3.95 m	SHOE DEPTH:	150.3 mRT
LAST CASING:	9.5/8" Conductor		

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	8.70	6sx S.A.P.P.
VISCOSITY	32	
pH	8.8	
PV / YP	5 / 9	
GELS 10s/10m	5 / 11	
WL API / FC (cc)	-	
SOLIDS %	2.5	
SAND %	-	
CHLORIDES	800	
KCL (% WT)	-	
MBT (ppb)	15	
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.10 / 0.70	
TEMP (degC)	-	
HOLE VOL (bbls)	60	
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	380	
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	-	
MUD CO	RMN	
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird	

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:	3x S55	

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	11.4 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	427 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	9,700 lts

PUMPS	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM	54	54
PRESSURE (psi)	900	
GPM	617	
AV (DP - ft/min)	114	
AV (DC - ft/min)	134 / 145	
SPR	40	43
SPR PRESS	200	200

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	
NEXT BOP TEST	
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	533

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	1RR
SIZE (ins)	12.1/4"
TYPE	M22
IADC CODE	
SERIAL No.	6003062
NOZZLES	3 x 18
OUT (m)	153.0
IN (m)	61.0
DRILLED (m)	92.0
HOURS	5
CONDITION	3-3-WT-A-E-1-NO-TD
AVG ROP (m/hr)	18.40
WOB (x1000 lbs)	5 - 15
RPM	90 - 110
JET VEL (ft/sec)	276
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.54

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68.0	1.50	-
141	1.00	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	0
B.GAS (%)	0
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	0.5
3. DRILLING	5
4. BIT TRIP	1
5. WIPER TRIP	2
6. SURVEY	1
7. CIRC / COND	2
8. CHANGE BHA	0.5
9. CASE & CEMENT	6
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	0.5
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	1.5
28. DRILL CEMENT	4
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:	12.1/4" Bit + Float Sub + 1x 8" DC + Stab + 1x 8" DC + X-over + 8x 6.1/2" DC + 4x HWDP = 132.4m		
BHA WEIGHT :	33,440 lbs	STRING WT.:	36,000 lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	0 lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	26-Jun-04
REPORT No:	2
D.F.S:	1.0

WELL NAME: FINDRA-1

STATUS @ 2400 HRS: WOCement - rig down casing tongs, clean mud tanks.

FROM	TO	HRS	24 HOUR SUMMARY		
0:00	0:30	0.5	Rig up trip tank fill-up line, make up lower Kelly cock and saver sub - break circulation.		
0:30	4:30	4.0	Spud Findra-1 and drill cement from 39m to 60m with reduced parameters.		
4:30	6:00	1.5	Drill ahead in 12.1/4" hole from 60m to 79m with reduced parameters to minimise hole washout.		
6:00	6:30	0.5	Circulate and run wireline survey at 68m = 1.50deg deviation.		
6:30	9:00	2.5	Drill ahead in 12.1/4" hole from 79m to 134m at avg 22m/hr.		
9:00	9:30	0.5	Circulate and build mud volume.		
9:30	10:30	1.0	Drill ahead in 12.1/4" hole from 134m to 153m section TD at avg 19m/hr.		
10:30	11:00	0.5	Circulate and run wireline survey at 141m = 1.0deg deviation.		
11:00	13:00	2.0	Wiper trip - strap out (no corr), max 5K o/pull. Check bit, RIH to bottom - no fill.		
13:00	15:00	2.0	Circulate hole clean - clean and drift 9.5/8" casing, install float shoe and float collar on casing.		
15:00	16:00	1.0	POOH to run casing.		
16:00	16:30	0.5	Lay out 2x 8" drill collars and 12.1/4" stabiliser.		
16:30	18:00	1.5	Rig up to run 9.5/8" casing.		
18:00	18:30	0.5	Hold pre-job safety meeting. Pick up shoe track and test floats - okay.		
18:30	20:30	2.0	Run 9.5/8" 36# K55 BTC R3 casing to 145m (total of 12 joints).		
20:30	21:00	0.5	Pick up Landing jnt, make up circulating swage, RIH to 150.34m - circulate 150% casing volume.		
21:00	21:30	0.5	Hold pre-Cement job safety meeting. Make up cement Head with Bottom and Top Plugs installed.		
			Halliburton pump water Spacer, p/test cementing lines to 4000psi and pump remaining Spacer.		
21:30	22:30	1.0	Mix & pump 200sx class 'A' cement at 15.6ppg w/2% CaCl at 4 bpm. Drop top Plug & displace cement w/34.9bbl H2O at 5 bpm. Cement returns to surface after 33bbl displaced. Bumped Plug at 2225hrs w/230psi & then test casing to 1600psi for 10min. Bled back 1/4bbl - floats held.		
22:30	0:00	1.5	WOCement - centre casing in R-Table and nipple down Flowline. Rig down casing tongs and prepare to cut conductor pipe. Dump & clean mud tanks.		
			DOWNHOLE TOOLS		
			Hours	Serial No.	Tool
				T-1587-0	String Stabiliser
			Incidents in last 24 Hours Y/N: No incidents no accidents (If yes see separate report)		
			- Weather:		
			Daylight:- cool, occ showers, light winds;		
			Night:- cold, mainly fine, light winds.		

FORMATION TOPS : -----

OPERATION TO 0600 HRS : WOCement - cut conductor pipe. Lay out Cement Head, slack off casing & lay out Landing joint. Prepare to install wellhead.

@06:00hrs: Preparing to install wellhead.

PROGRAM - NEXT 24 HRS : Install wellhead, nipple up BOP stack and ancillary lines & equipment. P/test equipment, make up new bit & BHA, RIH and drill out cement. Conduct FIT and drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole.

TRANSPORTATION		PERSONNEL		PROGRAMME COSTS	
TRANSPORT-1		CONTRACTOR	19	DAILY AU \$:	\$66,345
TRANSPORT-2		OPERATOR	1	CUMULATIVE AU \$:	\$383,911
TRANSPORT-3		SERVICE CO	5	+10% GST to Cum.Total =	\$420,474 total cost to date
FORKLIFT				REPORTED TO :	J. Slater
WATER HAULER				REPORTED BY :	V. Ozolins
ROAD WORK		TOTAL :	25		

END OF REPORT



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	27-Jun-04
REPORT No:	3
D.F.S:	2.0
SHOE L.O.T:	

WELL NAME:	FINDRA-1	STATUS @ 2400 HRS:	Preparing new BHA.(move to racks, measure & calliper).
DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	153 m	FORMATION:	Gellibrand Marl
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	153 m	HOLE SIZE:	8.1/2"
24 HR PROGRESS:	0 m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's, Held Pre-Casing and Pre-Cementing job meetings.		
RT - GL (m):	3.95 m	SHOE DEPTH:	150.3 mRT
LAST CASING:	9.5/8" Conductor		

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES	
DENSITY (ppg)	8.60	4sx AMC-Pac R	
VISCOSITY	38	2sx PHPA	
pH	8.5	20sx KCl	
PV / YP	3 / 8	95sx KCl (EPRL)	
GELS 10s/10m	1 / 2	1sk Xan-Bore	
WL API / FC (cc)	8.0		
SOLIDS %	0.7		
SAND %	-		
CHLORIDES	20,000		
KCL (% WT)	4.00		
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	- / 0.15		
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.10 / 0.60		
TEMP (degC)	-		
HOLE VOL (bbls)	60		
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	380		
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	-		
MUD CO	RMN		
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird		

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS: 3x S55		

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	11.4 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	427 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	8,500 lts

PUMPS		
TYPE	1	2
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		50
PRESSURE (psi)		1000
GPM		285
AV (DP - ft/min)		
AV (DC - ft/min)		
SPR		
SPR PRESS		

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	27-Jun-04
NEXT BOP TEST	11-Jul-04
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	534

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	2RR
SIZE (ins)	8.1/2"
TYPE	CH04MS
IADC CODE	4-1-7
SERIAL No.	172489
NOZZLES	3 x 13
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	153.0
DRILLED (m)	0.0
HOURS	
CONDITION	In
AVG ROP (m/hr)	
WOB (x1000 lbs)	5 - 15
RPM	80
JET VEL (ft/sec)	282
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.33

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68.0	1.50	-
141	1.00	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	0
B.GAS (%)	0
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	
4. BIT TRIP	
5. WIPER TRIP	
6. SURVEY	
7. CIRC / COND	
8. CHANGE BHA	1.5
9. CASE & CEMENT	0.5
10. WELLHEAD	0.5
11. BOP'S	11.5
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	6.5
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	3.5
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:	8.1/2" TCI Bit + Float Sub + 1x 6.1/4" DC + Stab + 12x 6.1/4" DC = 133.66m		

BHA WEIGHT :	35,000 lbs	STRING WT.:	35,000 lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	0 lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	28-Jun-04
REPORT No:	4
D.F.S:	3.0
SHOE L.O.T:	12.48

WELL NAME:	FINDRA-1	STATUS @ 2400 HRS:	Drilling ahead in 8.1/2" hole at 534m.
DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	534 m	FORMATION:	Paarrate Fm
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	153 m	HOLE SIZE:	8.1/2"
24 HR PROGRESS:	381 m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's & Kick Drills.		

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	9.00	9sx AMC-Pac R
VISCOSITY	39	5sx PHPA
pH	8.8	55sx KCl
PV / YP	11 / 15	6sx Soda Ash
GELS 10s/10m	2 / 4	1sk Xan-Bore
WL API / FC (cc)	6.5	2sx Sod.Sulphite
SOLIDS %	3.5	1dr AMC Biocide G
SAND %	-	
CHLORIDES	21,000	
KCL (% WT)	4.10	
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	7.5 / 0.5	
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.15 / 1.20	
TEMP (degC)	-	
HOLE VOL (bbls)	101	
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	380	
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	72	
MUD CO	RMN	
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird	

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER	0.5 / 17	11.1 / 8.7
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:	3x S84	

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	11.4 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	257 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	9,200 lts

PUMPS		
	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		60
PRESSURE (psi)		900
GPM		342
AV (DP - ft/min)	(Csg) 145, (OH) 161	
AV (DC - ft/min)	(OH) 279	
SPR	30	30
SPR PRESS	300	300

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	28-Jun-04
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	27-Jun-04
NEXT BOP TEST	11-Jul-04
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	534

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	2RR
SIZE (ins)	8.1/2"
TYPE	CH04MS
IADC CODE	4-1-7
SERIAL No.	172489
NOZZLES	3 x 13
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	153.0
DRILLED (m)	381.0
HOURS	16
CONDITION	In
AVG ROP (m/hr)	23.81
WOB (x1000 lbs)	10 - 15
RPM	90 - 110
JET VEL (ft/sec)	282
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.33

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68	1.50	-
141	1.00	-
348	1.50	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	0
B.GAS (%)	0
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	16
4. BIT TRIP	0.5
5. WIPER TRIP	
6. SURVEY	0.5
7. CIRC / COND	2
8. CHANGE BHA	2
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	0.5
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	
28. DRILL CEMENT	2.5
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:	8.1/2" TCI Bit + Float Sub + 1x 6.1/4" DC + Stab + 12x 6.1/4" DC + D.Jars + + 6x 6.1/4" DC + 6x HWDP = 244.9m		
BHA WEIGHT :	56,600 lbs	STRING WT.:	68,000 lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	4,000 lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	2,000 lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	28-Jun-04
REPORT No:	4
D.F.S:	3.0

WELL NAME: FINDRA-1

STATUS @ 2400 HRS: Drilling ahead in 8.1/2" hole at 534m.

FROM	TO	HRS	24 HOUR SUMMARY
0:00	0:30	0.5	Prepare BHA - measure and calliper new BHA.
0:30	2:00	1.5	Pick up 1x 6.1/4" DC and make up 8.1/2" bit-2. Make up float and pick up 6x 6.1/4" DC.
2:00	2:30	0.5	RIH with BHA from Derrick and pick up Drilling Jars - tag top of cement at 132m.
2:30	3:00	0.5	Kelly up and break circulation.
3:00	5:30	2.5	Drill out cement, Plugs & shoe track to, clean out rathole to 153m and drill 3m new hole to 156m.
5:30	6:00	0.5	Displace hole to KCl/PHPA mud and circulate to balance mud weight.
6:00	6:30	0.5	Pull back to shoe, conduct FIT to 12.48ppg MWE with 8.65ppg mud and 100psi surface pressure.
6:30	15:30	9.0	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 156m to 360m at avg ROP of 22.7m/hr.
15:30	16:00	0.5	Circulate and survey at 348m = 1.5deg.
16:00	20:30	4.5	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 360m to 474m at avg ROP of 25.4m/hr.
20:30	21:00	0.5	Circulate up sample after 2m drill break - no gas, no shows.
21:00	22:30	1.5	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 474m to 506m at avg ROP of 21.4m/hr.
22:30	23:00	0.5	Circulate up sample after 2m drill break - no gas, no shows.
23:00	0:00	1.0	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 506m to 534m at avg ROP of 28m/hr.

			DOWNHOLE TOOLS		
Hours	Serial No.	Tool			
20	T1350	Str.Stabiliser			
20	DJ 002	Drlg.Jars			
Incidents in last 24 Hours Y/N: No incidents no accidents (If yes see separate report)					
- Weather:					
Daylight:- cool, fine, light winds increasing;					
Night:- cold, mainly fine, increasingly windy.					

FORMATION TOPS : Clifton= 298m (3.3mH); Narrawaturk= 312m (0.7mL); Mepunga= 316m (3.3mH); Dilwyn= 332m (6.7mL); Pebble Pt= 465m (12.3mH); Paarrate= 498m (12.7mL); Skull CK= 565m (58.3mH); Nullawarre = 580m (41.3mH); Belfast= 598m (37.3mH); Flaxman= 615m (46.3mH); Pzone= 631m.

OPERATION TO 0600 HRS : Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole to 607m at avg ROP 16.2m/hr, circulate & survey at 596m = 2deg. Drill ahead fto 625m at avg ROP 18m/hr. **Using lower WOB of 8-10Klbs above & through targets at Geo request.
@06:00hrs: Drilling ahead in 8.1/2" hole at 625m..

PROGRAM - NEXT 24 HRS : *Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole - evaluate shows.*

TRANSPORTATION		PERSONNEL		PROGRAMME COSTS	
TRANSPORT-1	1x T-West truck w/Metals Skip in.	CONTRACTOR	20	DAILY AU \$:	\$41,593
TRANSPORT-2		OPERATOR	3	CUMULATIVE AU \$:	\$478,528
TRANSPORT-3		SERVICE CO	6	+10% GST to Cum.Total =	\$524,102 total cost to date
FORKLIFT				REPORTED TO :	J. Slater
WATER HAULER				REPORTED BY :	V. Ozolins
ROAD WORK		TOTAL :	29		

END OF REPORT



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	29-Jun-04
REPORT No:	5
D.F.S:	4.0
SHOE L.O.T:	12.48

WELL NAME: FINDRA-1 **STATUS @ 2400 HRS:** Pulling out of hole for wiper trip prior to E-logs.

DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	889	m	FORMATION:	Eumerella Fm		RT - GL (m):	3.95	m
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	534	m	HOLE SIZE:	8.1/2"		SHOE DEPTH:	150.3 mRT	
24 HR PROGRESS:	355	m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil		LAST CASING:	9.5/8" Conductor	
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 1x JSA's & Kick Drill.							

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES	
DENSITY (ppg)	9.20	2sx AMC-Pac R	
VISCOSITY	39	3sx AMC-Pac LV	
pH	8.8	60sx KCl	
PV / YP	11 / 15	4sx Sod.Sulphite	
GELS 10s/10m	2 / 4	1dr AMC Biocide G	
WL API / FC (cc)	6.8	40sx Barite	
SOLIDS %	5.0		
SAND %	-		
CHLORIDES	19,000		
KCL (% WT)	3.90		
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	7.5 / 0.4		
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.05 / 0.60		
TEMP (degC)	-		
HOLE VOL (bbls)	178		
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	380		
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	80		
MUD CO	RMN		
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird		

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER	0.7 / 23	11.3 / 8.9
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:	3x S84	

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	11.4 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	197 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	9,050 lts

PUMPS		
	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		60
PRESSURE (psi)		1000
GPM		342
AV (DP - ft/min)	(Csg) 145, (OH) 161	
AV (DC - ft/min)	(OH) 279	
SPR	30	30
SPR PRESS	350	350

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	28-Jun-04
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	27-Jun-04
NEXT BOP TEST	11-Jul-04
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	536

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	2RR
SIZE (ins)	8.1/2"
TYPE	CH04MS
IADC CODE	4-1-7
SERIAL No.	172489
NOZZLES	3 x 13
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	153.0
DRILLED (m)	736.0
HOURS	37
CONDITION	In
AVG ROP (m/hr)	19.89
WOB (x1000 lbs)	10 - 15
RPM	100 - 110
JET VEL (ft/sec)	282
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.33

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68	1.50	-
141	1.00	-
348	1.50	-
596	2.00	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	0
B.GAS (%)	2
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	9.4 ppg

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	21
4. BIT TRIP	
5. WIPER TRIP	1
6. SURVEY	0.5
7. CIRC / COND	1.5
8. CHANGE BHA	
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:	8.1/2" TCI Bit + Float Sub + 1x 6.1/4" DC + Stab + 12x 6.1/4" DC + D.Jars + + 6x 6.1/4" DC + 6x HWDP = 244.9m		
BHA WEIGHT :	56,600 lbs	STRING WT.:	88,000 lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	4,000 lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	2,000 lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

DATE: 29-Jun-04
 REPORT No: 5
 D.F.S: 4.0

WELL NAME: FINDRA-1

STATUS @ 2400 HRS: Pulling out of hole for wiper trip prior to E-logs.

FROM	TO	HRS	24 HOUR SUMMARY		
0:00	4:30	4.5	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 534m to 607m at avg ROP of 16.2m/hr.		
4:30	5:00	0.5	Circulate and survey at 596m = 2deg.		
5:00	6:30	1.5	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 607m to 632m at avg ROP of 16.7m/hr.		
6:30	7:00	0.5	Circulate up sample after 2m drill break - no gas, no shows.		
7:00	22:00	15.0	Drill ahead in 8.1/2" hole from 632m to 889m (TD) at avg ROP of 17.1m/hr.		
22:00	23:00	1.0	Circulate hole clean - pump slug.		
23:00	0:00	1.0	Wiper trip - flow check, OK. Commence POH to shoe		
			DOWNHOLE TOOLS		
			Hours	Serial No.	Tool
			42.5	T1350	Str.Stabiliser
			42.5	DJ 002	Drlg.Jars
			Incidents in last 24 Hours Y/N: No incidents no accidents (If yes see separate report)		
			- Weather:		
			Daylight:- cool, mainly fine, light winds increasing;		
			Night:- cold, mainly fine, increasingly windy.		
FORMATION TOPS : Cliffon=298m(3.3mH); Narrawaturk=312m(0.7mL); Mepunga=316m(3.3mH); Dilwyn=332m(6.7mL); Pebble Pt=465m(12.3mH); Paarrate=498m(12.7mL); Skull CK=565m(58.3mH); Nullawarre=580m(41.3mH); Belfast=598m(37.3mH); Flaxman=615m(46.3mH); Pzone=631m; Waarre B=648m, A=666m, Eumerella=744m(40.3mH).					
OPERATION TO 0600 HRS : Wiper trip back to casing shoe - intermittent tight spots from 380m to 250m. RIH, work through tight spot from 505-516m and tag up at 873m. Wash 16m to bottom & circulate hole clean. Drop survey, pump slug & POH (strap out) to run E-logs. @06:00hrs: Commenced POH to run E-logs.					
PROGRAM - NEXT 24 HRS : POH, lay out Jars and Str.stab, break out bit and recover survey. Rig up Schlumberger, hold pre-job Safety meeting and run E-logs.					
TRANSPORTATION		PERSONNEL		PROGRAMME COSTS	
TRANSPORT-1	Vacuum truck for Camp & Rig septic.	CONTRACTOR	20	DAILY AU \$:	\$40,350
TRANSPORT-2	1x Hotshot with Schlum E-log tools.	OPERATOR	2	CUMULATIVE AU \$:	\$518,878
TRANSPORT-3		SERVICE CO	6	+10% GST to Cum.Total =	\$568,295 total cost to date
FORKLIFT				REPORTED TO :	J. Slater
WATER HAULER				REPORTED BY :	V. Ozolins
ROAD WORK		TOTAL :	28	END OF REPORT	



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	30-Jun-04
REPORT No:	6
D.F.S:	5.0
SHOE L.O.T:	12.48

WELL NAME:	FINDRA-1	STATUS @ 2400 HRS:	Schlumberger laying out CSAT tool to pick up MDT tool.
DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	889 m	FORMATION:	Eumerella Fm
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	889 m	HOLE SIZE:	8.1/2"
24 HR PROGRESS:	0 m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil
SAFETY MEETINGS:	Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's, Pre-logging safety meeting.		

MUD PROPERTIES	ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	9.20
VISCOSITY	41
pH	8.8
PV / YP	11 / 15
GELS 10s/10m	2 / 4
WL API / FC (cc)	7.0
SOLIDS %	5.0
SAND %	-
CHLORIDES	19,000
KCL (% WT)	3.90
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	7.5 / 0.4
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.05 / 0.50
TEMP (degC)	-
HOLE VOL (bbls)	207
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	233
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	-
MUD CO	RMN
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:	3x S84	

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	11.4 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	197 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	8,000 lts

PUMPS		
TYPE	1	2
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		60
PRESSURE (psi)		1000
GPM		342
AV (DP - ft/min)	(Csg) 145, (OH) 161	
AV (DC - ft/min)	(OH) 279	
SPR	30	30
SPR PRESS	360	360

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	30-Jun-04
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	27-Jun-04
NEXT BOP TEST	11-Jul-04
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	537

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	2RR
SIZE (ins)	8.1/2"
TYPE	CH04MS
IADC CODE	4-1-7
SERIAL No.	172489
NOZZLES	3 x 13
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	153.0
DRILLED (m)	736.0
HOURS	37
CONDITION	In
AVG ROP (m/hr)	19.89
WOB (x1000 lbs)	10 - 15
RPM	100 - 110
JET VEL (ft/sec)	282
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.33

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68	1.50	-
141	1.00	-
348	1.50	-
596	2.00	-
877	0.75	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	5.00
CONN.GAS (%)	0
B.GAS (%)	1
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	9.4 ppg

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	
4. BIT TRIP	3
5. WIPER TRIP	4.5
6. SURVEY	
7. CIRC / COND	0.5
8. CHANGE BHA	0.5
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	7.5
15. REAM / WASH	1
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	2.5
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	4.5
25. ABANDON / SUSP	
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:	8.1/2" TCI Bit + Float Sub + 1x 6.1/4" DC + Stab + 12x 6.1/4" DC + D.Jars + + 6x 6.1/4" DC + 6x HWDP = 244.9m		
BHA WEIGHT :	56,600 lbs (buoyed weight)	STRING WT.:	92,000 lbs (buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	4,000 lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	2,000 lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	1-Jul-04
REPORT No:	7
D.F.S:	6.0
SHOE L.O.T:	12.48

WELL NAME: **FINDRA-1** STATUS @ 2400 HRS: **Laying out DP after tagging Plug-4, dump mud tanks.**

DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	889	m	FORMATION:	Eumeralla Fm	RT - GL (m):	3.95	m
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	889	m	HOLE SIZE:	8.1/2"	SHOE DEPTH:	150.3	mRT
24 HR PROGRESS:	0	m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil	LAST CASING:	9.5/8"	Conductor
SAFETY MEETINGS: Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's, Pre-cementing safety meeting.							

MUD PROPERTIES		ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	9.20	3sx AMC-Pac R
VISCOSITY	41	written off/used &
pH	8.8	not charged prev.
PV / YP	11 / 15	
GELS 10s/10m	2 / 4	
WL API / FC (cc)	7.0	
SOLIDS %	5.0	
SAND %	-	
CHLORIDES	19,000	
KCL (% WT)	3.90	
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	7.5 / 0.4	
Pm Pm/Mf	0 0.05 / 0.50	
TEMP (degC)	-	
HOLE VOL (bbls)	207	
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	233	
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	-	
MUD CO	RMN	
MUD ENGINEER	N. Kybird	

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS: 3x S84		

INVENTORY	
BARITE	350 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	0.5 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	197 sx
DRILLWATER	100 %
DIESEL FUEL	6,240 lts

PUMPS	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		
PRESSURE (psi)		
GPM		
AV (DP - ft/min)		
AV (DC - ft/min)		
SPR		
SPR PRESS		

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	30-Jun-04
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	27-Jun-04
NEXT BOP TEST	11-Jul-04
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	538

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	2RR
SIZE (ins)	8.1/2"
TYPE	CH04MS
IADC CODE	4-1-7
SERIAL No.	172489
NOZZLES	3 x 13
OUT (m)	-
IN (m)	153.0
DRILLED (m)	736.0
HOURS	37
CONDITION	4-2-BT-L-E-I-LT-TD
AVG ROP (m/hr)	19.89
WOB (x1000 lbs)	10 - 15
RPM	100 - 110
JET VEL (ft/sec)	282
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	2.33

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68	1.50	-
141	1.00	-
348	1.50	-
596	2.00	-
877	0.75	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	
B.GAS (%)	
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	
4. BIT TRIP	
5. WIPER TRIP	4
6. SURVEY	
7. CIRC / COND	0.5
8. CHANGE BHA	3.5
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	
11. BOP'S	
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	8.5
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	
25. ABANDON / SUSP	5
26. RIG DOWN	
27. W.O. CEMENT	2.5
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	24

BHA.:			
BHA WEIGHT :	lbs	STRING WT.:	lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE:	2-Jul-04
REPORT No:	8
D.F.S:	6.4
SHOE L.O.T:	12.48

WELL NAME: **FINDRA-1** STATUS @ 2400 HRS: **Rig Released - shut down for night at 1800hrs.**

DEPTH - 2400 HRS:	5	m	FORMATION:		RT - GL (m):	3.95	m
DEPTH - PREVIOUS:	5	m	HOLE SIZE:		SHOE DEPTH:	150.3	mRT
24 HR PROGRESS:	0	m	ACCIDENTS:	Nil	LAST CASING:	9.5/8"	Conductor
SAFETY MEETINGS: Crews held pre-Tour Safety meetings & 2x JSA's, Pre-cementing safety meeting.							

MUD PROPERTIES	ADDITIVES
DENSITY (ppg)	
VISCOSITY	
pH	
PV / YP	
GELS 10s/10m	
WL API / FC (cc)	
SOLIDS %	
SAND %	
CHLORIDES	
KCL (% WT)	
MBT / PHPA (ppb)	
Pm Pm/Mf	
TEMP (degC)	
HOLE VOL (bbls)	
SURFACE VOL (bbls)	
HOLE LOSSES (bbls)	
MUD CO	
MUD ENGINEER	

SOLIDS CONTROL		
UNIT	GPM / HRS	UF / OF
DESILTER		
DESANDER		
MUDCLEANER		
CENTRIFUGE		
SHAKER SCREENS:		

INVENTORY	
BARITE	0 sx
GEL	0 sx
CEMENT	0.0 tonnes
SALT	0 sx
KCL	0 sx
DRILLWATER	0 %
DIESEL FUEL	5,500 lts

PUMPS		
	1	2
TYPE	TSM-500	DB-550
STROKE (")	16	16
LINER (")	5 1/2	5 1/2
SPM		
PRESSURE (psi)		
GPM		
AV (DP - ft/min)		
AV (DC - ft/min)		
SPR		
SPR PRESS		

DRILLS / BOPS	
LAST BOP DRILL	30-Jun-04
LAST FIRE DRILL	
LAST ABN.RIG DRILL	
LAST BOP TEST	
NEXT BOP TEST	
DAYS SINCE LAST LTA	539

BIT DATA	
BIT No.	
SIZE (ins)	
TYPE	
IADC CODE	
SERIAL No.	
NOZZLES	
OUT (m)	
IN (m)	
DRILLED (m)	
HOURS	
CONDITION	
AVG ROP (m/hr)	
WOB (x1000 lbs)	
RPM	
JET VEL (ft/sec)	
HHP @ BIT (HSI)	

SURVEYS		
DEPTHS	Inc (deg)	Azimuth
MD/ (TVD)		
68	1.50	-
141	1.00	-
348	1.50	-
596	2.00	-
877	0.75	-

FORMATION DATA	
TRIP GAS (%)	
CONN.GAS (%)	
B.GAS (%)	
P.PRESS (ppg)	
ECD (ppg)	

TIME ANALYSIS	
1. MOVE RIG	
2. RIG UP	
3. DRILLING	
4. BIT TRIP	
5. WIPER TRIP	2.5
6. SURVEY	
7. CIRC / COND	
8. CHANGE BHA	
9. CASE & CEMENT	
10. WELLHEAD	1
11. BOP'S	3.5
12. L.O.T.	
13. CORING	
14. LOGGING	
15. REAM / WASH	
16. FISH / STUCK	
17. LOSS CIRC	
18. KICK CONTROL	
19. SIDETRACK	
20. REP. SUBSURFACE	
21. REP. SURFACE	
22. WELL TEST	
23. W.O. WEATHER	
24. WAIT - OTHER	
25. ABANDON / SUSP	1
26. RIG DOWN	2
27. W.O. CEMENT	
28. DRILL CEMENT	
29. RIG SERVICE	
30. SLIP & CUT LINE	
TOTAL	10

BHA.:			
BHA WEIGHT :	lbs	STRING WT.:	lbs
	(buoyed weight)		(buoyed weight)
DP RATING :	lbs - 'G' Grade	MARGIN :	lbs @ 75%
DP RATING :	595,000 lbs - 'S' Grade	MARGIN :	446,250 lbs @ 75%
TORQUE ON BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG UP :	lbs
TORQUE OFF BTM :	Kft.lbs	DRAG DOWN :	lbs



DAILY DRILLING REPORT

RIG : Hunt Energy Rig-2

PERMIT : PEP 159, Otway Basin

DATE: 2-Jul-04

REPORT No: 8

D.F.S: 6.4

WELL NAME:

FINDRA-1

STATUS @ 2400 HRS:

Rig Released - shut down for night at 1800hrs.

FROM	TO	HRS	24 HOUR SUMMARY
0:00	2:30	2.5	POH layiing down remaining pipe - clean mud tanks.
2:30	4:30	2.0	Lay out Kelly, Swivel, Kelly sock & Mousehole.
4:30	8:00	3.5	Lay out V-Door, remove Catwalks, clear rig floor, remove hydraulic lines and nipple down BOP stack, Kill and Choke lines and lay out same - finish cleaning tanks.
8:00	10:00	2.0	Unscrew 11" Bradenhead and cut 9.5/8" casing 0.3m above cellar floor. Mix and place 10m cement plug-5 at surface w/9sx 'A' @15.6ppg. A steel plate was then welded over the cut-off to seal the casing stub. Rig Released @ 1000hrs on Friday, 02/07/2004.
10:00	18:00	8.0	Rig down and prepare derrick - lay over mast at 1500hrs and continue rigging down. Load out 3x trucks with DST/Coring tools, mud, casing and wellhead items to return as necessary.
18:00	0:00	6.0	SDFN - Wait on Daylight to resume rigging down and preparing to move rig.

			DOWNHOLE TOOLS		
			Hours	Serial No.	Tool
1x Mud Engineer off location at 9am.					
2x Mud Loggers off location at 7am.					
Incidents in last 24 Hours Y/N: No incidents no accidents					
(If yes see separate report)					
- Weather:					
Daylight:- cool, fine, light breeze;					
Night:- cold, fine, light winds.					

FORMATION TOPS :

OPERATION TO 0600 HRS : Rig released - WODaylight to continue rigging down and preparing to move rig.
.....

PROGRAM - NEXT 24 HRS : Rig down and prepare loads to move rig to next site.
.....

TRANSPORTATION		PERSONNEL		PROGRAMME COSTS	
TRANSPORT-1	1x K&S semi, mud/Mlog Unit to Adel.	CONTRACTOR	18	DAILY AU \$:	\$86,451
TRANSPORT-2	1x K&S semi, Misc items to Portland	OPERATOR	1	CUMULATIVE AU \$:	\$761,987
TRANSPORT-3	1x K&S semi, DST/Core/WHD to QLD	SERVICE CO	0	+10% GST to Cum.Total =	\$834,557 est.final total cost
TRANSPORT-4	1x (3) Halliburton Hands off location.			REPORTED TO :	J. Slater
FORKLIFT	6hrs loading 3x semis w/ various			REPORTED BY :	V. Ozolins
ROAD WORK		TOTAL :	19		

Appendix 3: Casing and Cement

Essential Petroleum Resources Limited

CASING AND CEMENTING REPORT

FORM CAC-01

Well Name: FINDRA-1

Casing type: Surface casing Intermediate Casing Production Casing Completion tubing

Originated by: V. Ozolins **Checked by:** **Date:** 26/06/2004

Hole Size: 12.25 **T.D.:** 153m **Date:** 26/06/2004 **Contractor:** Halliburton

PRE-FLUSH _____ bbls. @ _____ ppg. **SPACER** 20 bbls@ 8.33 ppg.
 Additives: _____

CEMENT		ADDITIVES	Product	%	Amount
LEAD SLURRY:	_____ sacks class _____			%BWOC	0 lbs
Slurry Yield:	_____ cu.ft./sack _____			%BWOC	0 lbs
Mixwater Req't:	_____ gal./sack _____			% BWOC	0 lbs
Actual Slurry Pumped:	_____ bbls @ _____ ppg _____			gal/sx	0 gal
TAIL SLURRY:	200 sacks class A'	Calcium Chloride	2 % BWOC		376 lbs
Slurry Yield:	1.21 cu.ft./sack		% BWOC		0 lbs
Mixwater Req't:	5.45 gal./sack		% BWOC		0 lbs
Actual Slurry Pumped:	43 bbls @ 15.6 ppg	NF-6	0.03 gal/bbl		1 gal

DISPLACEMENT Fluid: Water @ 8.33 ppg
 Theoretical Displ.: 34.86 bbl. Bumped plug with 230 psi
 Actual Displ. 34.9 bbl @ 5 bpm Pressure Tested to: 1600 psi
 Displaced via Bleed back: 0.25 bbls

ACTIVITY	Time	Remarks
Start Running csg. 26-Jun	18:00	Returns to Surface: all bbls mud (no losses) 2 bbls cmt.
Casing on Bottom 26-Jun	20:28	Reciprocate / Rotate Casing: Only during circulation - then chained down casing to avoid floating
Start Circulation 26-Jun	20:30	Top Up Job run: Yes / No Initially n 5 sx class A'
Start Pressure test 26-Jun	21:38	Plug Set Make / Type: Halliburton
Pump Preflush 26-Jun	21:43	Centraliser Placement, type/dth 147m, 134m.
Start Mixing 26-Jun	21:50	Remarks: Good returns throughout job - clean cement returns to surface after 33 bbl displacement (ie. Approx 2 bbl cement to surface).
Finish Mixing 26-Jun	22:12	
Start Displacing 26-Jun	22:15	
Stop Displ./Bump 26-Jun	22:22	
Press. test 26-Jun	22:23	

No. JOINTS	SIZE OD	WT lb/ft	GRADE	THREAD	MTS	FROM	TO
	Stick Up (Enter as negative number)				-1.53	-1.53	0.00
	Rotary - Top of Bradenhead				3.90	0.00	3.90
1	Bradenhead, Screw-in type c/w 8rd x BTC PxP pup, Wood Group Pressure Control				0.60	3.90	4.50
11	Casing, 9-5/8 36ppf K55 BTC R3 Casing				133.02	4.50	137.52
1	Float Collar, BTC, Halliburton PDC drillable				0.34	137.52	137.86
1	Casing, 9-5/8 40ppf K55 BTC R3 Casing				12.05	137.86	149.91
1	Float Shoe, BTC, Halliburton PDC drillable				0.43	149.91	150.34

Theoretical Buoyed wt of casing (klb): 15.4 Klbs Bradenhead Height above GL: 0.00 m
 Actual wt of casing (last joint run-block wt, klb): 18 Klbs Casing wt just prior to landing csg/: 8 Klbs
 Landing WT (after cementing and pressure bleed off): 8 Klbs setting slips

CASING TALLY

WELL NAME:

CASING TYPE:

Page #

FINDRA-1

Surface

1

EPSSL REP(S) :

V. Ozolins

DEPTH (m) : 153.00

SHOE DEPTH : 150.34

m RT

DATE: 26/06/2004

Joint Number		Depth (m)		CASING			Coupling	Maximum	Minimum	Optimum
From	To	From	To	Size	Grade	Weight				
1	14	173.6	4.5	9-5/8"	K55	36	BTC			
There are a total of 14 full joints plus 1 pup on location										

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Off bottom (m RT)	JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
1	36#	X	12.05	12.05	3m above shoe	138.29	41				
2	36#	X	12.18	24.23	Across centre	126.11	42				
3	36#	na	12.20	36.43	Across centre	113.91	43				
4	36#	na	11.73	48.16	Across centre	102.18	44				
5	36#		12.13	60.29		90.05	45				
6	36#		11.89	72.18		78.16	46				
7	36#		12.00	84.18		66.16	47				
8	36#		12.15	96.33		54.01	48				
9	36#		12.23	108.56		41.78	49				
10	36#		12.11	120.67		29.67	50				

1st. TOTAL 120.67

5th. TOTAL

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
11	36#		12.20		17.47
12	36#		12.20		5.27
13	36#		12.04		-6.77
14	36#		12.00		-18.77
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					

2nd. TOTAL 48.44

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
51					
52					
53					
54					
55					
56					
57					
58					
59					
60					

6th. TOTAL

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

3rd. TOTAL

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
61					
62					
63					
64					
65					
66					
67					
68					
69					
70					

7th. TOTAL

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					

4th. TOTAL

JOINT NO.	CEN	LENGTH Metres	TOTAL LENGTH	Comments	Tally (m RT)
71					
72					
73					
74					
75					
76					
77					
78					
79					
80					

8th. TOTAL

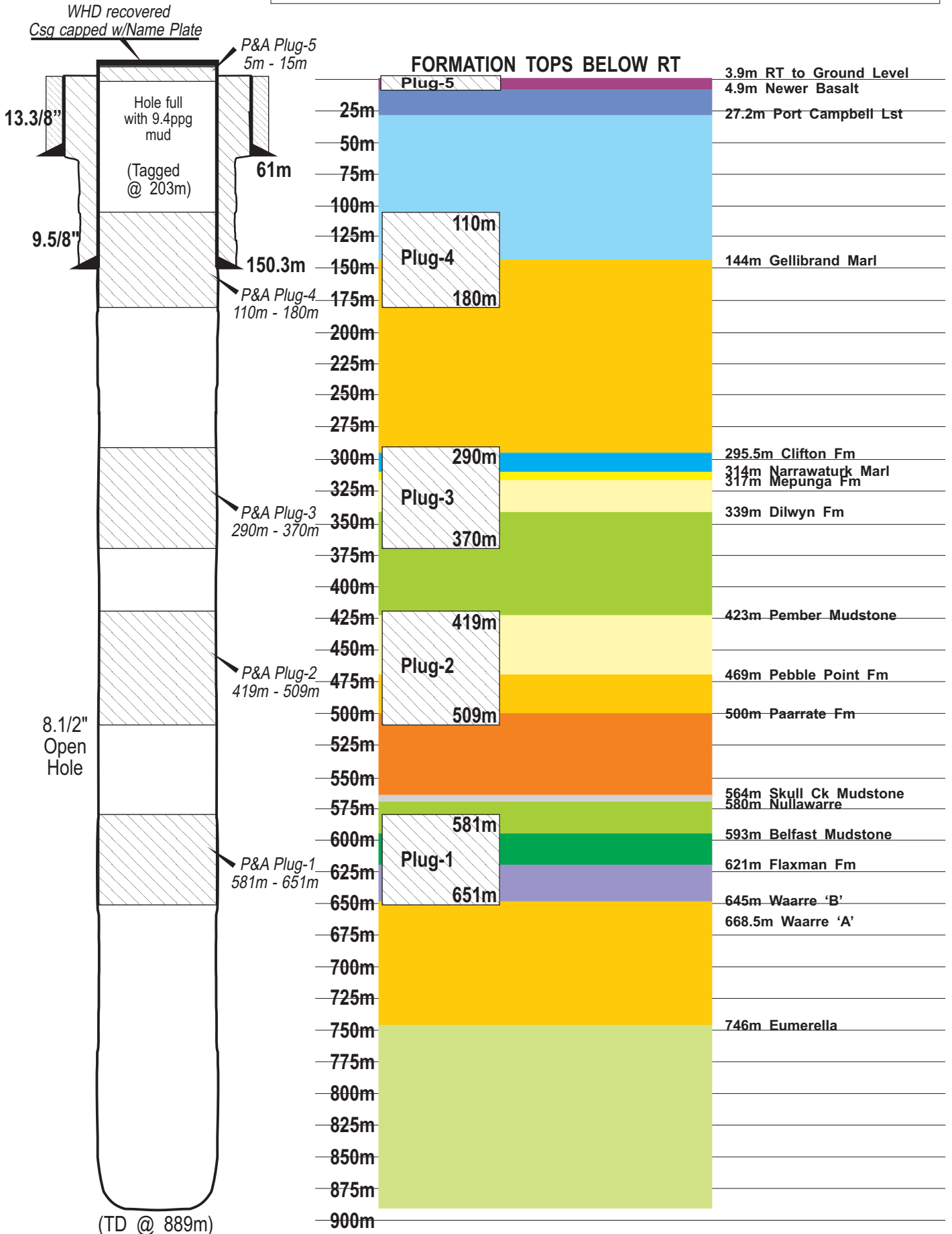
Page Total 169.11 m Carried Forward: 0

Cum.Total : 169.11 m



Essential
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Resources
Limited

Well: FINDRA-1 **Date:** 30-Jun-04 **Total Depth:** 889mRT
Permit: PEP 159 **Easting:** 602 242m **Northing:** 5 768 896m
Operator: Essential Petroleum Resources Limited
Status: Plug & Abandonment **Spud:** 26-Jun-04
Dwg: Cement plug placement schematic **Rig Release:** xx-Jun-04



CASING SEAT PRESSURE TEST (9.5/8")

**ESSENTIAL PETROLEUM
RESOURCES LIMITED**

Well:

Rig:

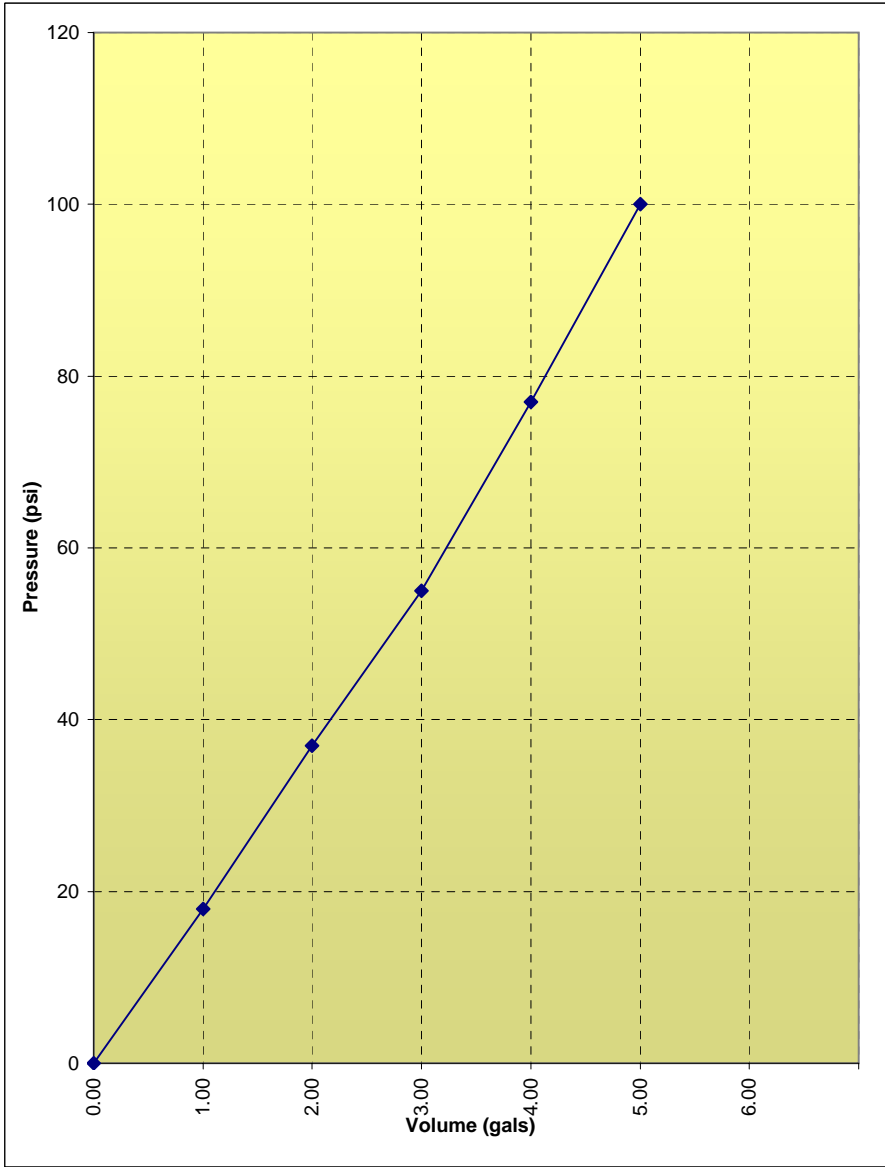
Date: 28-Jun-04

Test (FIT / LOT): FIT (No leak off obtained)

Mud Properties		Well Depth (m)	153	Vol pumped (bbl)	0.12
Weight (ppg)	8.65	Shoe TVD (m)	150.34	Vol lost (bbl)	0.00
PV (cp)	8	Casing size	9.5/8" 36# K55	Final/LO pressure (psi)	100
YP(lb/100ft^2)	12	Shoe Depth (m)	150.34	Pump rate(bbl/min)	0.024
WL (m)	n/a	Min.Burst (psi)	3,520	FIT/LOT-SG (EMW)*	12.54

$$\text{*FIT/LOT(EMW - SG) = \frac{\text{Leak-off pressure (psi)}}{\text{Shoe Depth (mTVD)}} + \text{Test Mud weight} \times 0.052}$$

Time	Vol (gals)	Ps (psi)
	0.00	0
	1.00	18
	2.00	37
	3.00	55
	4.00	77
	5.00	100
	6.00	



Ps = Surface pressure

Appendix 4: Mud Recap



DRILLING FLUID SUMMARY

**FOR : ESSENTIAL PETROLEUM
RESOURCES LTD**

WELL : FINDRA # 1

OTWAY BASIN

VICTORIA

Prepared by : Neil Kyberd
Andre Skujins

Date : July 2004

CONTENTS

1. Summary of Operations
2. Observations, Recommendations and Well Analysis
3. Material Costs and Consumption Analysis
4. Mud Materials Reconciliation
5. Fluid Properties Summary
6. Mud Volume Reconciliation
7. Graphs
8. Bit & Hydraulics Record
9. Hole Gauge Evaluation
10. Daily Mud Reports

Operator : Essential Petroleum Resources LTD
Well : Findra # 1
Rig : Hunt Energy # 2
Spud : 26th June 2004



1. SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

Findra # 1 was spudded in at 00:30 hours on the 26th June 2004 utilising Hunt Energy # 2 and reached a total depth of 889 m on the 29th June 2004.

Make up water was sourced from a local evaporation pond and had the following properties :

pH	:	8.5
Pf / Mf	:	Tr / 0.35
Chlorides	:	300 mg/l
Hardness	:	Tr

HOLE SIZE	:	12¼"
MUD TYPE	:	Gel Spud Mud
INTERVAL	:	61 - 153 m
CASING	:	9-5/8" @ 150 m

All tanks were filled with water. The Pill tank and trough were isolated and lined up to drill cement from the conductor shoe. Into the suction tank, 180 bbls of 25ppb Gel-Caustic Spud mud was mixed and allowed to yield. S55 mesh shaker screens were fitted to the single shaker.

The well was spudded and drilling continued (slowly initially) with the thick gel spud mud. Once the 8" collar was below the conductor shoe, the entire mud system was used by gradually blending the spud mud into the remainder of the water filled tanks. This diluted and thinned the mud back, (viscosity of 36 sec/qt and yield point of 8 lb/100ft²) but as drilling continued, native clays started bringing the viscosity back up.

Water was added to maintain volume and control the viscosity and mud weight. From the top of the Gellibrand marl formation SAPP was added to the system to aid clay dispersion and prevent mud rings from occurring.

The mud weight reached 9.1 ppg and the yield point was 27 lb/100ft² by 110 m, but by the time the section TD of 153 m was reached, the weight had been watered back to 8.7 ppg and the yield point was 9 lb/100ft².

At casing point, the hole was circulated clean and the pipe pulled out to run casing. 9-5/8" surface casing was then run in the hole. The casing was circulated to bottom and the hole was circulated clean. The casing was then cemented, with good returns to surface.

Operator : Essential Petroleum Resources LTD
Well : Findra # 1
Rig : Hunt Energy # 2
Spud : 26th June 2004



HOLE SIZE : 8½" Production hole
MUD TYPE : 4% KCl PHPA Polymer
INTERVAL : 153 m - 889 m (TD)

While nipping up BOP's the tanks were dumped, cleaned and refilled with water. The pill tank and trough were again isolated for drilling cement. The coarsest shaker screens (S55) used on surface hole were left on the shaker.

Into the remaining tanks 450bbls of KCl-PHPA fluid was prepared with :

- 4% KCl,
- 0.15ppb PHPA,
- 0.5ppb Pac-R and
- 0.1ppb Xanvis.

The system was then continually circulated via the hopper and gun line to shear up the fluid as much as possible before use. This low concentration of polymers was intentionally mixed to prevent major mud loss over the single shaker due to unsheared polymer blinding.

An 8½" bit and BHA was run into the hole and tagged cement at 132m. The cement was drilled with water via the trough and pill tank and while drilling on the shoe the hole was displaced to the stored KCl-PHPA fluid.

After the F.I.T. was performed, drilling resumed, with a circulation rate of 336 gpm. Further Polymer additions, both from premix addition and direct to the system to build up the PHPA concentration and other fluid properties were made. Due to the small sump size, all premixes made thereafter were built with recycled sump water which required treatment for hardness and Biocide additions.

Once the system was within spec's and the new polymers sheared, the shaker screens were upgraded to 84 - 84 - 84 mesh.

Drilling continued with fluid properties and volume controlled with premix additions. The sand trap was dumped of solids when required, and the Desilter run continuously. Mud losses to various sand formations occurred, but were self-healing. Losses over the shaker due to polymer blinding also occurred due to the speed in which the polymers were added in the effort to gain optimum fluid properties before the first target zone was drilled.

AMC Pac-R was the primary additive by this stage as it aided in increasing the yield point to 10 - 15 lb/100ft² and reducing the fluid loss to 6 - 7 cc's. KCl additions were also maintained to keep a 4% concentration.

Drilling continued to 889m where the hole was circulated clean and the pipe slugged with Barytes. The pipe was pulled out for a wiper trip to the shoe which found tight hole from 470m through to 250m. While running back to bottom a bridge was tagged

Operator : Essential Petroleum Resources LTD
Well : Findra # 1
Rig : Hunt Energy # 2
Spud : 26th June 2004



at 505m and was washed & reamed to 516m. Fill was tagged at 873m and the bit was washed to bottom. The hole was circulated clean and the pipe slugged, and pulled out of the hole for logging. No tight hole was recorded on this trip out.

Logging tools were made up and run into the hole successfully to bottom (9m of fill) and the full logging program completed without hole problems.

Open ended drill-pipe was then run in to bottom and the hole circulated clean. Cement plugs were then set as per the P & A program.

Operator : Essential Petroleum Resources LTD
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2. OBSERVATIONS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND WELL ANALYSIS

Findra # 1 was drilled to a total depth of 889 m for a mud cost of \$9,867.80 or \$11.10 per metre. The well was drilled problem free from a mud viewpoint and hole conditions were good throughout.

As on the previous well, the rigs solids control equipment worked well. The linear motion shaker worked well as expected and both the desander and desilter put out underflows indicating that the equipment was working fairly optimally.

12¹/₄" Surface Hole 61m – 153m

This section of hole was drilled for a mud cost of \$1,314.70 or \$8.59 per metre, slightly higher than expected. Again, as on the previous well, extra gel was mixed at the start to fill the larger suction tank as the spud mud couldn't be mixed into the smaller intermediate tank.

Once again SAPP was used to great effect in the problematic Gellibrand Marl formation, and successfully removed the threat of Mud Rings and pack-offs.

8¹/₂" Production Hole 153m – 889m

This section of hole was drilled for a mud cost of \$8,553.10 or \$11.62 per metre.

The main thing to note in this section is the lower circulation rate used (336 gpm) as compared to the previous well in this program (Killarney #1, 448 gpm.) The calliper shows a good gauge hole throughout. Polymers were able to be added faster without excessive screen blinding, which was a requirement to get the fluid properties up before the first target zone was intersected. The only other variable which relates to the difference in the calliper logs would be the short time that this well was "open".

Some tight hole was seen and a bridge was encountered on the wiper trip prior to logging, but the hole was in good condition after being wiped, with only some fill (9 m) preventing logs reaching bottom.

The mud program worked well again and achieved its aims of helping drill the hole quickly, efficiently and without undue amounts of hole problems.



3. INTERVAL COSTS

Product	Interval :		12-1/4" Surface Hole			8-1/2" Main Hole			Total Well Consumption		
	Interval :		0 - 153 m			153 m - 889 m			0 - 889 m (TD)		
	Cost	Unit Size	Used	Cost	%Cost	Used	Cost	%Cost	Used	Cost	%Cost
AMC Biocide G	\$ 210.00	25 lt				2	\$420.00	4.9%	2	\$420.00	4.3%
AMC Pac L	\$ 148.20	25 kg				3	\$444.60	5.2%	3	\$444.60	4.5%
AMC Pac R	\$ 148.20	25 kg				17	\$2,519.40	29.5%	17	\$2,519.40	25.5%
Aus-Gel 25kg (Aust)	\$ 11.10	25 kg	84	\$932.40	70.9%				84	\$932.40	9.4%
Baryte	\$ 6.30	25 kg				40	\$252.00	2.9%	40	\$252.00	2.6%
Caustic Soda	\$ 37.30	25 kg	1	\$37.30	2.8%				1	\$37.30	0.4%
PHPA	\$ 105.70	25 kg				7	\$739.90	8.7%	7	\$739.90	7.5%
Potassium Chloride	\$ 13.80	25 kg				230	\$3,174.00	37.1%	230	\$3,174.00	32.2%
SAPP	\$ 57.50	25 kg	6	\$345.00	26.2%				6	\$345.00	3.5%
Soda Ash	\$ 19.50	25 kg				6	\$117.00	1.4%	6	\$117.00	1.2%
Sodium Sulphite	\$ 32.50	25 kg				6	\$195.00	2.3%	6	\$195.00	2.0%
Xan-Bore	\$ 345.60	25 kg				2	\$691.20	8.1%	2	\$691.20	7.0%
Totals :				\$1,314.70	100.0%		\$8,553.10	100.0%		\$9,867.80	100.0%
Cost per Metre :				\$8.59			\$11.62			\$11.10	



4. MATERIALS RECONCILIATION

Previous Well : Kilarney # 1
Well : Findra # 1
Transferred to : Adelaide Stores

PRODUCT	UNIT	TOTAL RECEIVED	TOTAL USED	TRANSFER BALANCE
AMC Biocide G	25 lt	7	2	5
AMC Defoamer	25 lt	8		8
AMC Pac - Low	25 kg	17	3	14
AMC Pac - Reg	25 kg	19	17	2
Aus-Gel	25 kg	84	84	
Barytes	25 kg	290	40	250
Calcium Carbonate (ESS)	25 kg	40		40
Calcium Chloride (ESS)	25 kg	80		80
Caustic Soda	25 kg	17	1	16
Kwikseal Fine	40 lb	21		21
Kwikseal Med	40 lb	28		28
Lime	25 kg	6		6
PHPA	25 kg	49	7	42
Potassium Chloride	25 kg	336	135	
Potassium Chloride (ESS)	25 kg	95	95	
Rod-Free	208 lt	1		1
Salt (ESS)	25 kg	144		144
SAPP	25 kg	18	6	12
Soda Ash	25 kg	25	6	19
Sodium Sulphite	25 kg	22	6	16
Xan-Bore	25 kg	4	2	2



5. FLUID PROPERTIES SUMMARY

Date	Mud Type	Depth	Weight	Vis	PV	YP	Gels		Filtrate		Solids			pH	Pm	Pf	Mf	Cl-	Ca++	K+	KCl	PHPA
							10 sec	10 min	API	Cake	Solids	Water	MBT									
25-Jun-04	Spud Mud	61	8.50	60	10	22	9	19			1.1	98.9	25.0	8.5	0.05	0.05	0.90	800	80			
26-Jun-04	Spud Mud	110	9.10	47	11	27	12	27			5.4	94.6	32.0	9.0		0.10	0.70	800	80			
	Spud Mud	153	8.70	32	5	9	5	11			2.5	97.5	15.0	8.8		0.10	0.70	800	280			
27-Jun-04	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	153	8.60	38	3	5	1	2	8	1	0.7	99.3		8.5		0.10	0.60	20,000	120	21,616	4.0	0.15
28-Jun-04	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	330	8.70	37	8	12	1	2		1	1.2	98.8	5.0	9.0		0.20	1.20	22,000	320			0.30
	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	534	9.00	39	11	15	2	4	7	1	3.5	96.5	7.5	8.8		0.15	1.20	21,000	260	22,156	4.1	0.50
29-Jun-04	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	730	9.10	39	12	15	2	4	6.2	1	4.2	95.8	7.5	8.8		0.10	0.70	20,000	80	21,616	4.0	0.50
	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	889	9.20	39	11	15	2	4	6.8	1	5.0	95.0	7.5	8.8		0.05	0.60	19,000	40	21,076	3.9	0.40
30-Jun-04	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	889	9.20	41	11	15	2	4	7.0	1	5.0	95.0	7.5	8.8		0.05	0.50	19,000	40	21,076	3.9	0.40
1-Jul-04	4%KCL PHPA Polymer	889	9.20	41	11	15	2	4	7.0	1	5.0	95.0	7.5	8.8		0.05	0.50	19,000	40	21,076	3.9	0.40

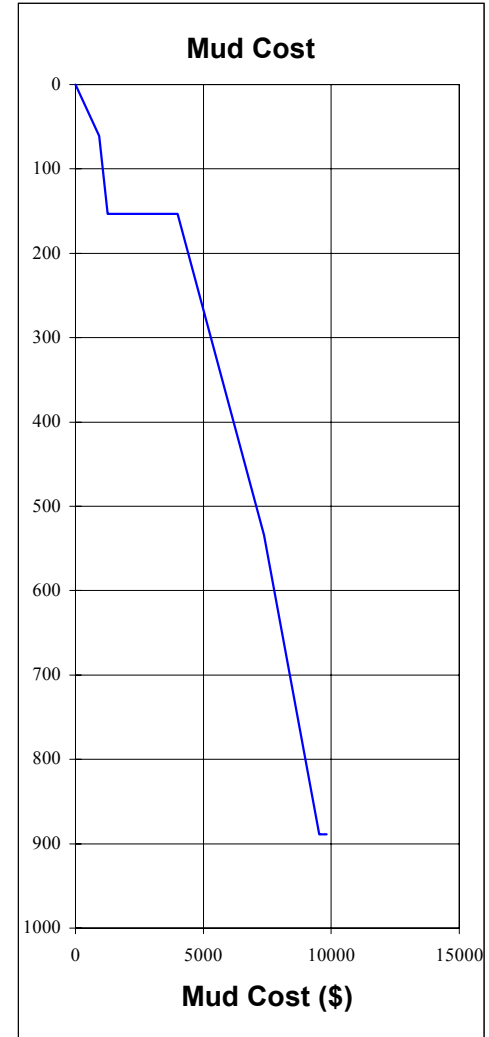
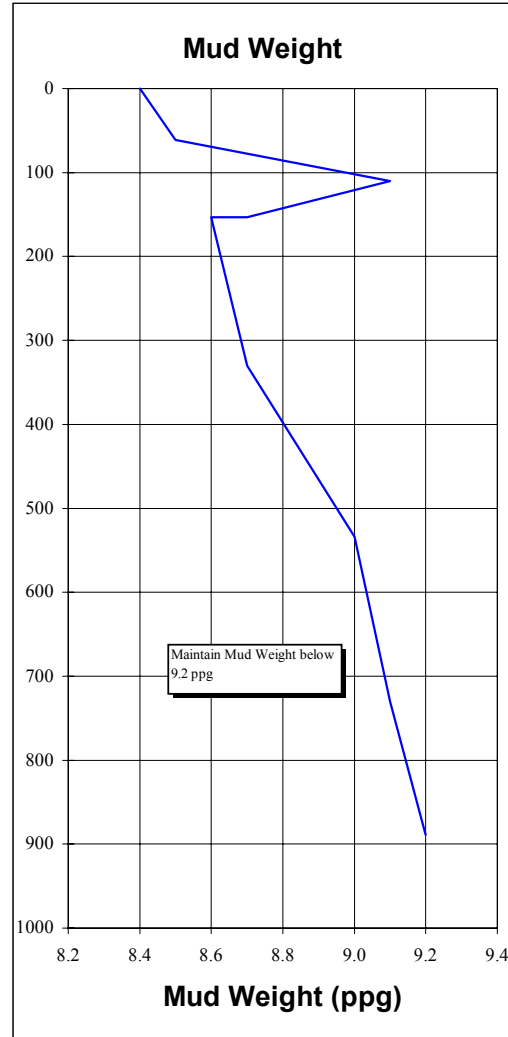
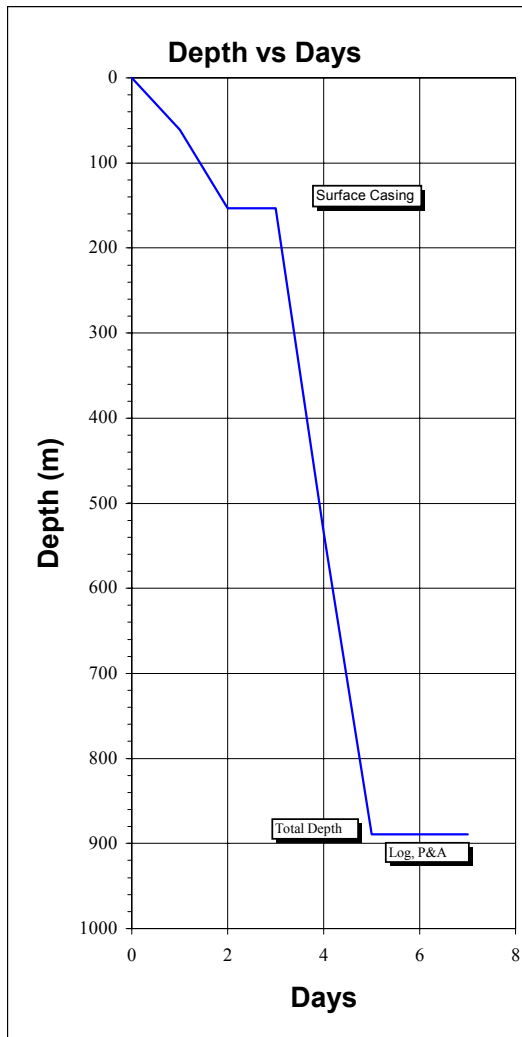


6. Mud Volume Analysis

Date	Hole Size	Interval		Mud Type	Fluid Built & Received					Fluid Disposed					Summary			
		From	To		Fresh Premix	Sump Premix	Direct Recirc	Water	Other	De-sander	De-silter	Down-hole	Dumped	Other	Initial	Received	Disposed	Final
25-Jun-04	12-1/4"	0 m	61 m	Spud Mud	180			28							0	208	0	208
26-Jun-04	12-1/4"	61 m	153 m	Spud Mud				400					100	68	208	400	168	440
Sub Total					180	0	0	428	0	0	0	0	100			608	168	
27-Jun-04	8-1/2"	153 m	153 m	KCI PHPA	450											450	0	450
28-Jun-04	8-1/2"	153 m	534 m	KCI PHPA	45	180		30			12	72	45	95	450	255	224	481
29-Jun-04	8-1/2"	534 m	889 m	KCI PHPA		225					23	80		45	481	225	148	558
30-Jun-04	8-1/2"	889 m	889 m	KCI PHPA											558	0	0	558
1-Jul-04	8-1/2"	889 m	889 m	KCI PHPA											558	0	0	558
Sub Total					495	405	0	30	0	0	35	152	45	140		930	372	
Well Total					675	405	0	458	0	0	35	152	145	140		1538	540	

Dilution Factors			
	Interval Length	Dilution Vol	Dilution Factor
12¼" Surface Hole	153 m	428 bbls	2.8 bbls/m
8½" Mudded Up Hole	736 m	480 bbls	0.7 bbls/m

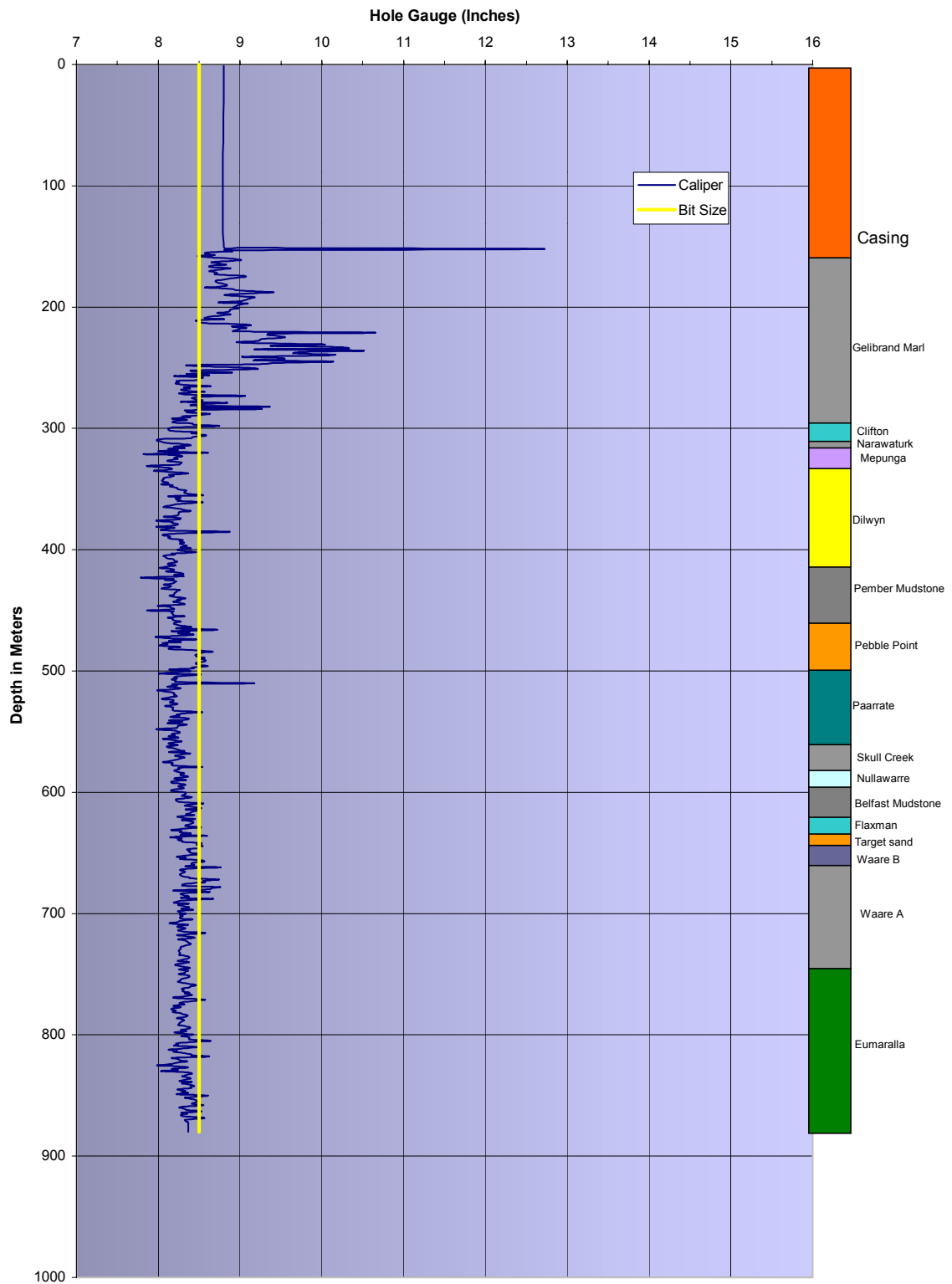
7. Graphs



8. Bit & Hydraulics Record

Bit #	Size	Make	Type	Jets			Depth Out	Depth Drilled	Hours	Cumm Hours	WOB	RPM	GPM	Mud Wt	Jet Vel	HHPb/sq"	Impact Force
1	12 1/4"	HTC	M22	18	18	18	153	153	5	5	15	110	615	8.7	264	196	732
2	8 1/2"	Varel	CH04MS	13	13	13	889	736	37	42	2	120	340	9.2	280	128	453

Findra # 1 Caliper



10. Daily Drilling Fluid Reports



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	1	Date :	25-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	to 61		Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Noel Mills
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY		JET SIZE		CASING		MUD VOLUME (BBL)		CIRCULATION DATA				
BIT SIZE	TYPE	18	18	18	SURFACE SET @	ft	HOLE	PITS	PUMP SIZE		CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI)	
12.25	Var M22					M	28	180	5.5	X	6	psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE	TYPE	Length		INT. SET @	ft	M	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL.		PUMP MODEL	ASSUMED EFF	BOTTOMS UP (min) #DIV/0! min	
4.5	#	61		Mtrs			208		Emsco DB550	95	%	
DRILL PIPE SIZE	TYPE	Length		PROD. or LNR Set @	ft	M	IN STORAGE		BBL/STK	STK / MIN	TOTAL CIRC. TIME (min) #DIV/0! min	
	HW			Mtrs					0.1404			
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (")		Length		MUD TYPE								
6.25	8.00	Mtrs		Spud Mud								

MUD PROPERTIES				MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS			
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight	8.8 - 9.4	API Filtrate	N/C	HPHT Filtrate
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN	23:00		Plastic Vis	min	Yield Point	12 - 25	pH
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres	61	KCl		PHPA		Sulphites

FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	⁰ C / ⁰ F		OBSERVATIONS				
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	8.50	1.020	Built 180 bbls of 25ppb Gel Caustic Spud mud and allow to Yield.			
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	⁰ C	60					
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	⁰ C	10					
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)		22					
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min		9	19				
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)							
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	⁰ F						
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)							
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)		1.1					
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER		98.9					

OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)	25.0		Complete Rig up over Findra # 1
pH	8.5		Make Up BHA
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)	0		
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)	0.05	0.90	
CHLORIDE (mg/L)	800		
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)	80		
SULPHITE (mg/L)			
K+ (mg/L)			
KCl (% by Wt.)			
PHPA (ppb)			

Mud Accounting (bbls)				Solids Control Equipment							
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED		FLUID DISPOSED		SUMMARY		Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Premix (drill water)	180	Desander		INITIAL VOLUME	0	Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x54
Premix (recirc from sump)		Desilter		+ FLUID RECEIVED	208	Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
Drill Water	28	Downhole				- FLUID LOST					
Direct Recirc Sump		Dumped		+ FLUID IN STORAGE				Overflow (ppg)	Underflow (ppg)	Output (Gal/Min.)	
Other (eg Diesel)		Other				Desander			0		
TOTAL RECEIVED	208	TOTAL LOST		FINAL VOLUME	208	Desilter			0		

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data		
Aus-Gel	\$ 10.50	84		84		\$ 882.00	PPB	%	Jet Velocity		
Caustic Soda	\$ 37.30	17		1	16	\$ 37.30	High Grav solids		Impact force		
							Total LGS		HHP		
							Bentonite		HSI		
							Drilled Solids		Bit Press Loss		
							Salt		CSG Seat Frac Press		
							n @ Hrs		Equiv. Mud Wt.		
							K @ Hrs		ECD		
									Max Pressure @ Shoe :		
							DAILY COST		CUMULATIVE COST		
							\$919.30		\$919.30		

RMN ENGINEER Neil Kyberd CITY Adelaide Office TELEPHONE 08 8338 7266



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	2	Date :	26-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	61	to	153 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 12.25	TYPE Var M22	SURFACE SET @	HOLE 60	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	INT. SET @	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 440	PUMP MODEL Emasco DB550
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	PROD. or LNR Set @	IN STORAGE	ASSUMED EFF 95 %
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (") 6.25 8.00	Length 75 21 Mtrs	MUD TYPE Spud Mud		BOTTOMS UP (min) 3 min

MUD PROPERTIES			MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS		
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight	API Filtrate	HPHT Filtrate
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN	05:00	09:00	Plastic Vis	Yield Point	pH
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres 110	153	KCl	PHPA	Sulphites

FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	WEIGHT	FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)	GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min	FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)	HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)	SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)	LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER	SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)	METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)	pH	ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)	ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)	CHLORIDE (mg/L)	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)	SULPHITE (mg/L)	K+ (mg/L)	KCl (% by Wt.)	PHPA (ppb)		
0 C 0 F	ppg / SG 9.10 1.092 8.70 1.044	0 C 47 32	0 C 11 5	27 9	12:27 5:11		0 F		5.4 2.5	94.6 97.5		32.0 15.0	9.0 8.8		0.10 0.70 0.10 0.70	800 800	80 280						

OBSERVATIONS
 Fitted 3 x S55 shaker screens to the single shaker.
 Drilled out cement and new formation with "short system" to maintain the High Vis until the 8" collars were below the conductor shoe.
 From 70m began blending the spud mud with stored water in the other tanks.
 From 110m circulated "long" using the full tank system.
 Drilled ahead through mud making clays, adding water for new volume and viscosity control.
 SAPP added to reduce clay sticking and mud rings. 2 sx damaged beyond use and written off.

OPERATIONS SUMMARY
 Spud well at 00:30 Hrs and drill out conductor cement.
 Drill ahead with surveys to 153m
 POOH wiper trip to surface.
 RIH and circulate hole clean. POOH.
 Run 9 5/8" casing.
 Circulate casing and cement as per program with cement returned to surface.

Mud Accounting (bbls)					Solids Control Equipment					
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED	FLUID DISPOSED	SUMMARY			Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Premix (drill water)	Desander	INITIAL VOLUME	208	Centrifuge	Nil		Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x54
Premix (recirc from sump)	Desilter			Degasser	P-B		Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
Drill Water	Downhole	+ FLUID RECEIVED	400							
Direct Recirc Sump	Dumped	- FLUID LOST	168							
Other (eg Diesel)	Other	+ FLUID IN STORAGE								
TOTAL RECEIVED	TOTAL LOST	FINAL VOLUME	440	Desander			Underflow (ppg)	0	Output (Gal/Min.)	
				Desilter			Underflow (ppg)	0		

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data	
SAPP	\$ 57.50	18	6	12	\$ 345.00		PPB	%	Jet Velocity	264
									Impact force	735
							Total LGS	23.1 2.5	HHP	197
							Bentonite	15.0 1.6	HSI	1.7
							Drilled Solids	8.1 0.9	Bit Press Loss	547
							Salt		CSG Seat Frac Press	
							n @ 09:00 Hrs	0.44	Equiv. Mud Wt.	
							K @ 09:00 Hrs	0.90	ECD	
									Max Pressure @ Shoe :	

DAILY COST							CUMULATIVE COST				
\$345.00							\$1,264.30				

is made by ourselves or our agents as to its correctness or completeness, and no liability is assumed for any damages resulting from the use of same.



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	3	Date :	27-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	153	to	153 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 8.5	TYPE	9 5/8" SURFACE SET @ 492 ft 150 M	HOLE 29 PITS 450	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6 Inches CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI) psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	Length 42 Mtrs	INT. SET @ M	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 450
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	Length 37 Mtrs	PROD. or LNR Set @ M	IN STORAGE -29
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (")	Length	75 Mtrs	MUD TYPE	4%KCL PHPA Polymer
				PUMP MODEL Emsco DB550 ASSUMED EFF 95 % BOTTOMS UP (min) min
				BBL/STK 0.1404 STK / MIN TOTAL CIRC. TIME (min) min
				BBL/MIN GAL / MIN ANN VEL. (ft/min) DP DCs

MUD PROPERTIES			MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS			
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight	8.8 - 9.4	API Filtrate	6 - 8
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN		21:00	Plastic Vis	min	Yield Point	12 - 25
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres	153	KCl	4%	PHPA	1.00 ppb
FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	°C	°F				
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	8.60	HPHT Filtrate			
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	°C	38				
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	°C	3				
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft²)		5				
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft²) 10 sec/10 min		1 1/2				
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)		8.0				
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	°F					
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)		1				
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)		0.7				
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER		99.3				
SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)						
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)						
pH		8.5				
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)						
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)		0.10			0.60	
CHLORIDE (mg/L)		20,000				
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)		120				
SULPHITE (mg/L)						
K+ (mg/L)		21,616				
KCl (% by Wt.)		4.0				
PHPA (ppb)		0.15				

OBSERVATIONS

Dumped and cleaned all tanks.
 Prepared 450bbls of KCL-PHPA fluid with:
 4% KCl, 0.15 ppb PHPA, 0.5ppb PAC-R and 0.1 ppb Xanvis.
 Circulating all tanks via gun lines and hopper to aid in shearing the new fluid.
 Once the New fluid has sheared and the shaker can handle the fluid further
 PHPA and Yield Point building polymers will be added.

OPERATIONS SUMMARY		
Nipple up BOP's		
Pressure test all surface equipment		
Make up 8 1/2" BHA		

Mud Accounting (bbls)				Solids Control Equipment							
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED		FLUID DISPOSED		SUMMARY		Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Premix (drill water)	450	Desander		INITIAL VOLUME		Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x54
Premix (recirc from sump)		Desilter				Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
Drill Water		Downhole	0	+ FLUID RECEIVED	450						
Direct Recirc Sump		Dumped		- FLUID LOST	0						
Other (eg Diesel)		Other		+ FLUID IN STORAGE	-29			Overflow (ppg)	Underflow (ppg)	Output (Gal/Min.)	
TOTAL RECEIVED	450	TOTAL LOST	0	FINAL VOLUME	421	Desander			0		
						Desilter			0		

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data	
AMC Pac - Reg	\$ 148.20	19		4	15	\$ 592.80	PPB	%	Jet Velocity	
PHPA	\$ 105.70	49		2	47	\$ 211.40	High Grav solids		Impact force	
Pot. Chloride	\$ 13.80	336		20	316	\$ 276.00	Total LGS	6.0	0.7	HHP
Pot. Chloride (ESS)	\$ 13.80	95		95		\$ 1,311.00	Bentonite			HSI
Xan-Bore	\$ 345.60	4		1	3	\$ 345.60	Drilled Solids	6.0	0.7	Bit Press Loss
							Salt			CSG Seat Frac Press
							n @ 21:00 Hrs	0.46		Equiv. Mud Wt.
							K @ 21:00 Hrs	0.46		ECD
										Max Pressure @ Shoe :
							DAILY COST		CUMULATIVE COST	
							\$2,736.80		\$4,001.10	



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	4	Date :	28-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	153	to	534 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 8.5	TYPE CHO4MS	9 5/8" SURFACE SET @ 492 ft 150 M	HOLE 101 PITS 380	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6 Inches CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI) 850 psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	INT. SET @	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 481	PUMP MODEL Emsco DB550 ASSUMED EFF 95 % BOTTOMS UP (min) 9 min
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	PROD. or LNR Set @	IN STORAGE	BBL/STK 0.1404 STK / MIN 60 TOTAL CIRC. TIME (min) 60 min
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (") 6.25	Length 190 Mtrs	MUD TYPE 4%KCL PHPA Polymer		BBL/MIN 8.00 GAL / MIN 336 ANN VEL. (ft/min) 158 DP 248

MUD PROPERTIES				MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS			
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight 8.8 - 9.4	API Filtrate 6 - 8	HPHT Filtrate		
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN	14:00	24:00	Plastic Vis min	Yield Point 12 - 25	pH 8.0 - 9.5		
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres 330	534	KCl 4%	PHPA 1.00 ppb	Sulphites 80 - 120		

FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	⁰ C / ⁰ F		OBSERVATIONS				
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	8.70 1.044	9.00 1.080	Displaced hole to new KCL-PHPA fluid			
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	⁰ C	37	39	once the fluid had sheared sufficiently, shaker screens upgraded to 84 mesh.			
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	⁰ C	8	11	Further Polymer additions made to build Yield Point, PHPA conc, and lower water loss.			
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)		12	15	Soda Ash additions to treat hardness from sump water.			
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min		1 1/2	2 1/4	All premixes built with recycled sump water.			
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)			6.5	OTHER losses from shakers due to Polymer blinding, Sand Blinding and cuttings overloading.			
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	⁰ F			during fast ROP.			
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)		1	1				
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)		1.2	3.5				
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER		98.8	96.5				

OPERATIONS SUMMARY							
SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)				RIH with 8 1/2" bit and BHA, Tag cement at 132m			
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)	5.0	7.5		Drill Shoe track with water to 153m			
pH	9.0	8.8		Displace hole to Stored KCL-PHPA fluid while drilling to 156m			
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)				Circulate hole clean and perform L.O.T			
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)	0.20	1.20	0.15	1.20	Drill ahead with surveys to 534m, circulating samples as required.		
CHLORIDE (mg/L)	22,000	21,000					
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)	320	260					
SULPHITE (mg/L)							
K+ (mg/L)		22,156					
KCl (% by Wt.)		4.1					
PHPA (ppb)	0.3	0.5					

Mud Accounting (bbls)				Solids Control Equipment								
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED		FLUID DISPOSED		SUMMARY		Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs	
Premix (drill water)	45	Desander		INITIAL VOLUME	450	Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x84	20
Premix (recirc from sump)	180	Desilter	12	+ FLUID RECEIVED	255	Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a	
Drill Water	30	Downhole	72	- FLUID LOST	224							
Direct Recirc Sump		Dumped	45	+ FLUID IN STORAGE								
Other (eg Diesel)		Other	95					Overflow (ppg)	Underflow (ppg)	Output (Gal/Min.)		
TOTAL RECEIVED	255	TOTAL LOST	224	FINAL VOLUME	481	Desander			0			
						Desilter		8.7	11.1	0.50		

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data		
AMC Biocide G	\$ 210.00	7		1	6	\$ 210.00	PPB	%	Jet Velocity	277	
AMC Pac - Reg	\$ 148.20	15		9	6	\$ 1,333.80	High Grav solids		Impact force	434	
PHPA	\$ 105.70	47		5	42	\$ 528.50	Total LGS	31.5 3.5	HHP	121	
Pot. Chloride	\$ 13.80	316		55	261	\$ 759.00	Bentonite	7.5 0.8	HSI	2.1	
Soda Ash	\$ 19.50	25		6	19	\$ 117.00	Drilled Solids	24.0 2.6	Bit Press Loss	619	
Sodium Sulphite	\$ 32.50	22		2	20	\$ 65.00	Salt		CSG Seat Frac Press		
Xan-Bore	\$ 345.60	3		1	2	\$ 345.60	n @ 24:00 Hrs	0.51	Equiv. Mud Wt.		
							K @ 24:00 Hrs	1.09	ECD		
									Max Pressure @ Shoe :		

DAILY COST						CUMULATIVE COST					
\$3,358.90						\$7,360.00					

is made by ourselves or our agents as to its correctness or completeness, and no liability is assumed for any damages resulting from the use of same.



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	5	Date :	29-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	534	to	889 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 8.5	TYPE CHO4MS	9 5/8" SURFACE SET @ 492 ft	HOLE 178	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6 Inches
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	INT. SET @ 150 M	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 558	CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI) 1110 psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	PROD. or LNR Set @ M	IN STORAGE	PUMP MODEL Emsco DB550
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (") 6.25	Length 190 Mtrs	MUD TYPE 4%KCL PHPA Polymer		ASSUMED EFF 95 %
				BOTTOMS UP (min) 18 min
				TOTAL CIRC. TIME (min) 70 min
				BBL/STK 0.1404
				STK / MIN 60
				BBL/MIN 8.00
				GAL / MIN 336
				ANN VEL. (ft/min) 158
				DP DCs 248

MUD PROPERTIES		MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS	
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Mud Weight	8.8 - 9.4
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN	14:00	API Filtrate	6 - 8
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	730	Plastic Vis	min
FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	Metres	Yield Point	12 - 25
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	KCl	4%
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	9.10 1.092	PHPA	1.00 ppb
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	39 39	Sulphites	80 - 120
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)	12 11		
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min	15 15		
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)	2.4 2.4		
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	6.2 6.8		
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)	1 1		
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)	4.2 5.0		
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER	95.8 95.0		
SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)			
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)	7.5 7.5		
pH	8.8 8.8		
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)			
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)	0.10 0.70		
CHLORIDE (mg/L)	20,000 19,000		
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)	80 40		
SULPHITE (mg/L)			
K+ (mg/L)	21,616 21,076		
KCl (% by Wt.)	4.0 3.9		
PHPA (ppb)	0.5 0.4		

OBSERVATIONS	
Maintained volume and properties with premix additions.	
Recycled sump water used for building premixes.	
Biocide used to treat sump water.	

Mud Accounting (bbls)			
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED	FLUID DISPOSED	SUMMARY	
Premix (drill water)	Desander	INITIAL VOLUME	481
Premix (recirc from sump)	Desilter	+ FLUID RECEIVED	225
Drill Water	Downhole	- FLUID LOST	148
Direct Recirc Sump	Dumped	+ FLUID IN STORAGE	
Other (eg Diesel)	Other	FINAL VOLUME	558
TOTAL RECEIVED	TOTAL LOST		
225	148		

OPERATIONS SUMMARY	
Drill ahead from 534m to a Total depth of 889m with surveys	
Circulate hole clean,	
POOH for wiper trip to the shoe.	

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost
AMC Biocide G	\$ 210.00	6		1	5	\$ 210.00
AMC Pac - Low	\$ 148.20	17		3	14	\$ 444.60
AMC Pac - Reg	\$ 148.20	6		2	4	\$ 296.40
Barytes	\$ 6.30	290		40	250	\$ 252.00
Pot. Chloride	\$ 13.80	261		60	201	\$ 828.00
Sodium Sulphite	\$ 32.50	20		4	16	\$ 130.00

Solids Control Equipment					
Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x84
Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
		Overflow (ppg)	Underflow (ppg)	Output (Gal/Min.)	
		Desander	0		
		Desilter	11.3	0.70	

RMN ENGINEER	Neil Kyberd	CITY	Adelaide Office	TELEPHONE	08 8338 7266
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DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	6	Date :	30-Jun-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	889	to	889 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 8.5	TYPE	9 5/8" SURFACE SET @ 492 ft 150 M	HOLE 178 PITS 380	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6 Inches CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI) psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	Length 644 Mtrs	INT. SET @ M	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 558
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	Length 55 Mtrs	PROD. or LNR Set @ M	IN STORAGE
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (")	Length	190 Mtrs	MUD TYPE 4%KCL PHPA Polymer	PUMP MODEL Emsco DB550 ASSUMED EFF 95 % BOTTOMS UP (min) min
				BBL/STK 0.1404 GAL / MIN ANN VEL. (ft/min) DP DCs

MUD PROPERTIES		MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS			
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight 8.8 - 9.4	API Filtrate 6 - 8	HPHT Filtrate
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN		21:00	Plastic Vis min	Yield Point 12 - 25	pH 8.0 - 9.5
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres	889	KCl 4%	PHPA 1.00 ppb	Sulphites 80 - 120

FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	⁰ C / ⁰ F		OBSERVATIONS		
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	9.20 1.104	Monitor Hole for static losses.		
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @ ⁰ C		41			
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @ ⁰ C		11			
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)		15			
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min		2.4			
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)		7.0			
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @ ⁰ F					
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)		1			
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)		5.0			
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER		95.0			

SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)			OPERATIONS SUMMARY		
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)		7.5	Continue POOH to the shoe for wiper trip.		
pH		8.8	Pulled through tight hole from 470 to 250m		
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)			RIH and tag bridge at 505m		
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)		0.05 0.50	Circulate and wash through tight hole to 516m		
CHLORIDE (mg/L)		19,000	RIH and tag fill at 873m, wash to bottom and circulate hole clean.		
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)		40	POOH to log.		
SULPHITE (mg/L)			Rig up and run Logging tools to bottom finding 9m of Fill.		
K+ (mg/L)		21,076	Logging continues.		
KCl (% by Wt.)		3.9			
PHPA (ppb)		0.4			

Mud Accounting (bbls)				Solids Control Equipment							
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED		FLUID DISPOSED		SUMMARY		Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Premix (drill water)		Desander		INITIAL VOLUME	558	Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x84
Premix (recirc from sump)		Desilter				Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
Drill Water		Downhole		+ FLUID RECEIVED							
Direct Recirc Sump		Dumped		- FLUID LOST							
Other (eg Diesel)		Other		+ FLUID IN STORAGE							
TOTAL RECEIVED		TOTAL LOST		FINAL VOLUME	558	Desander		Underflow (ppg)	0	Output (Gal/Min.)	
						Desilter			0		

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data		
							PPB	%	Jet Velocity		
							High Grav solids		Impact force		
							Total LGS	45.5 5.0	HHP		
							Bentonite	7.5 0.8	HSI		
							Drilled Solids	38.0 4.2	Bit Press Loss		
							Salt		CSG Seat Frac Press		
							n @ 21:00 Hrs	0.51	Equiv. Mud Wt.		
							K @ 21:00 Hrs	1.09	ECD		
									Max Pressure @ Shoe :		
							DAILY COST		CUMULATIVE COST		
									\$9,521.00		

RMN ENGINEER Neil Kyberd CITY Adelaide Office TELEPHONE 08 8338 7266



DRILLING FLUID REPORT

Report #	7	Date :	1-Jul-2004
Rig No	2	Spud :	26-Jun-2004
Depth	889	to	889 Metres

OPERATOR	Essential Petroleum Recourses Ltd	CONTRACTOR	Hunt Energy
REPORT FOR	Vilnis Ozlins	REPORT FOR	Dave Hair
WELL NAME AND No	Findra # 1	FIELD	PEP 159
		LOCATION	Otway Basin
		STATE	Victoria

DRILLING ASSEMBLY	JET SIZE	CASING	MUD VOLUME (BBL)	CIRCULATION DATA
BIT SIZE 8.5	TYPE	9 5/8" SURFACE SET @ 492 ft 150 M	HOLE 178 PITS 380	PUMP SIZE 5.5 X 6 Inches CIRCULATION PRESS (PSI) psi
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE #	Length 644 Mtrs	INT. SET @ M	TOTAL CIRCULATING VOL. 558
DRILL PIPE SIZE 4.5	TYPE HW	Length 55 Mtrs	PROD. or LNR Set @ M	IN STORAGE
DRILL COLLAR SIZE (")	Length	190 Mtrs	MUD TYPE 4%KCL PHPA Polymer	PUMP MODEL Emsco DB550 ASSUMED EFF 95 % BOTTOMS UP (min) min
				BBL/STK 0.1404 STK / MIN GAL / MIN ANN VEL. (ft/min) DP DCs

MUD PROPERTIES		MUD PROPERTY SPECIFICATIONS			
SAMPLE FROM	Pit	Pit	Mud Weight 8.8 - 9.4	API Filtrate 6 - 8	HPHT Filtrate
TIME SAMPLE TAKEN		13:00	Plastic Vis min	Yield Point 12 - 25	pH 8.0 - 9.5
DEPTH (ft) - (m)	Metres	889	KCl 4%	PHPA 1.00 ppb	Sulphites 80 - 120

FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE	°C	°F	OBSERVATIONS		
WEIGHT	ppg / SG	9.20 1.104	Pac- R written off damaged during loading.		
FUNNEL VISCOSITY (sec/qt) API @	°C	41			
PLASTIC VISCOSITY cP @	°C	11			
YIELD POINT (lb/100ft ²)		15			
GEL STRENGTHS (lb/100ft ²) 10 sec/10 min		2.4			
FILTRATE API (cc's/30 min)		7.0			
HPHT FILTRATE (cc's/30 min) @	°F				
CAKE THICKNESS API : HPHT (32nd in)		1			
SOLIDS CONTENT (% by Volume)		5.0			
LIQUID CONTENT (% by Volume) OIL/WATER		95.0			

OPERATIONS SUMMARY	
SAND CONTENT (% by Vol.)	
METHYLENE BLUE CAPACITY (ppb equiv.)	7.5
pH	8.8
ALKALINITY MUD (Pm)	
ALKALINITY FILTRATE (Pf / Mf)	0.05 0.50
CHLORIDE (mg/L)	19,000
TOTAL HARDNESS AS CALCIUM (mg/L)	40
SULPHITE (mg/L)	
K+ (mg/L)	21,076
KCl (% by Wt.)	3.9
PHPA (ppb)	0.4
Continue logging without hole problems RIH open ended to set plugs as per P & A program	

Mud Accounting (bbls)				Solids Control Equipment							
FLUID BUILT & RECEIVED		FLUID DISPOSED		SUMMARY		Type	Hrs	Cones	Hrs	Size	Hrs
Premix (drill water)		Desander		INITIAL VOLUME	558	Centrifuge	Nil	Desander	2	Shaker #1	3x84
Premix (recirc from sump)		Desilter				Degasser	P-B	Desilter	8	Shaker #2	n/a
Drill Water		Downhole		+ FLUID RECEIVED							
Direct Recirc Sump		Dumped		- FLUID LOST							
Other (eg Diesel)		Other		+ FLUID IN STORAGE							
TOTAL RECEIVED		TOTAL LOST		FINAL VOLUME	558	Desander		Desander	0		
						Desilter		Desilter	0		
								Overflow (ppg)	Underflow (ppg)	Output (Gal/Min.)	

Product	Price	Start	Received	Used	Close	Cost	Solids Analysis		Bit Hydraulics & Pressure Data	
							PPB	%	Jet Velocity	
							High Grav solids		Impact force	
							Total LGS	45.5 5.0	HHP	
							Bentonite	7.5 0.8	HSI	
							Drilled Solids	38.0 4.2	Bit Press Loss	
							Salt		CSG Seat Frac Press	
							n @ 13:00 Hrs	0.51	Equiv. Mud Wt.	
							K @ 13:00 Hrs	1.09	ECD	
									Max Pressure @ Shoe :	
							DAILY COST		CUMULATIVE COST	
									\$9,817.40	

RMN ENGINEER Neil Kyberd CITY Adelaide Office TELEPHONE 08 8338 7266

Appendix 5: Cuttings Description



Depth m		SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS							
From	To	Sst	Slt	Clayst	Lst	Marl	Co	Vis Por	Description and shows:
4	20								Basalt
20	27								mottled red and yellow clay
27	62								LIMESTONE: off white to yellow calcarenite
62	90				100				CALCARENITE: off white to light grey and light brown, fine to coarse grained, firm friable to occasionally hard.
90	144				100				CALCARENITE: as above becoming finer grained grading to 50% CALCISILTITE: light grey, calcareous-sandy micrite, abundantly fossiliferous with fragments of shells, byrozoans, forams and rare shark teeth.
144	150				90	10			CALCISILTITE as above grading to MARL: light grey, 20-40% clay. Extremely fossiliferous ? Coquina or fossil frgment lag deposit at base of Pt C Ist.
150	160								cement contamination
160	170				30	70			MARL: light grey, calcareous-silty and very finely calcareous-sandy, trace fossiliferous markedly less fossil than above, grades to CALCISILTITE
170	180				20	80			MARL: silty sandy, grades to CALCISILTE: as above, minor echinoid spines.
180	190					100			MARL: light grey to greyish brown, sticky, soft, minor echinoid spines.
190	200				10	90			MARL: as above grades to calcisiti
200	210				10	90			MARL as above
210	220					100			MARL: light grey to greyish brown, occasionally medium greyish brown, 30-40% clay, very sticky, common echinoid fragments and forams.
220	230					100			
230	240					100			MARL as above, fine to occasionally very coarse fossil material in marl matrix.
240	250					100			MARL: very light grey to very light greenish to bluish grey, very fine ley dspered glauconite? fossiliferous as above,
250	260					100			MARL: as above
260	270					100			
270	280				20	80			MARL: as above, grades to CALCISILTITE.
280	290				5	95			MARL: light grey to light brownish grey, as above, grades to trace CALCARENITE, glauconitic, micritic, hard.
290	300				60	40			CALCARENITE: mottled yellow to medium grey, very fine to medium grained, micritic ,microcrystalline, minor very fine quartz silt in matrix. MARL: as above
300	310				60	40			CALCARENITE: as above becoming greyish orange, very densely cemented, hard aggregates, minor fossils.

										<p>CALCARENITE: as above becoming red to grey mottled, very well cemented. SANDSTONE: medium brown, silty to very fine grained, moderately sorted, subangular to subrounded, quartzose, sucrosic, firm aggregates with moderate to dense dolomitic and calcareous cement. trace loose coarse and very coarse quartz grains.</p>
310	320		30		50	20				
320	330			80	20					<p>CALCARENITE: as above SANDY CLAYSTONE: brown, soft, dispersive with abundant brown very fine quartz grains.</p>
330	340	80		20						<p>SANDSTONE: clear to translucent, brown, very fine to ver coarse grained, poorly sorted, angular to subrounded, inferred porosity, nil.</p>
340	350	70		30						<p>SANDSTONE: as above, occasionally perfectly rounded quartz grains</p>
350	360	50	50							<p>SILTSTONE: light grey to brownish grey, calcareous in part. SANDSTONE: as above</p>
360	370	100							g	<p>SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear to white, fine to very coarse, subangular to well rounded, clean, trace brown silty matrix, inferred porosity good, in part poor</p>
370	380	100							g	<p>SANDSTONE: as above becoming cleaner</p>
380	390	40		60						<p>SANDSTONE: as above, SILTY CLAYSTONE: dark brown, soft, dispersive, common pyrite nodules.</p>
390	400	20		80						<p>SANDSTONE: loose grains washing out</p>
400	410	5	80	15						<p>SILTSTONE: greyish brown, very clayey, very finely micaceous, grades to SILTY CLAYSTONE,</p>
410	420	5	70	25						<p>SILTSTONE: two types, greyish brown, with mottled brick red paches and ?laminae, also moderate brown, grades to SILTY CLAYSTONE: very soft, amorphous.</p>
420	430	5		95						<p>SILTY CLAYSTONE: light brown to moderate occasionally dark brown to reddish brown, very finely sandy in part, soft. SANDSTONE: as loose grains, coarse to very coarse,</p>
430	440			100						<p>SILTY CLAYSTONE: light brown to moderate brown to reddish brown, very finely sandy in part, soft.</p>
440	450			100						<p>SILTY CLAYSTONE: moderate brown, soft, amorphous, sticky, fossiliferous in part,</p>
450	459			100						<p>SILTY CLAYSTONE: moderate brown, soft, amorphous, sticky, fossiliferous in part,</p>
459	468	80	20						p-g	<p>SANDSTONE: brown, translucent as loose grains, fine to very coarse poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded, abundant silty matrix washing out, occasionally clean, inferred porosity, poor to occasionally good. no shows</p>
468	474	90	10							<p>SANDSTONE: as above, predominantly very coarse grained, becoming clean, common composite quartz grains, patchy silty & pyritic matrix in part.</p>
474	477	90	10							<p>SANDSTONE: grey to yellowish brown, loose grains, fine to very coarse, subangular to angular, quartzose, minor lithic and common composite quartz grains, SILTSTONE: dark grey, pyritic, hard.</p>
477	480	60	40							<p>SANDSTONE: as above SILTSTONE: dark grey, firm to hard, non calcareous, finely sandy, common black glauconite grains.</p>

480	483	20	60	20				p	SANDSTONE: as above, dark brown silt adhering to grains, inferred porosity poor. SILTSTONE grades to GLAUCONITIC CLAYSTONE: black to very dark grey, olive black, firm to hard, non calcareous. Common fine to coarse black irregular to spherical glauconite pellets.
483	486	60	40						SANDSTONE: as loose grains, grey, yellowish grey, fine to coarse grained, SILTSTONE: dark grey, very finely sandy, firm to friable, common black glauconite grains.
486	489	40	60						SANDSTONE: as loose grains, fine to coarse, silty matrix washing out. GLAUCONITIC SILTSTONE as above
489	492	20	50	30					Glauconitic CLAYSTONE: silty, abundant black glauconite grains, grades to SANDSTONE, and SILTSTONE: very dark brown, firm to hard cemented aggregates in part, in part dispersive,
492	498	10	90						SANDSTONE: dark brown, ?chamositic & glauconitic nodules in dark brown dispersive silty matrix, grades to SANDY SILTSTONE, very finely quartz sandy, clayey, commonly very pyritic, common dark brown to black glauconite pellets washing out.
498	501	80	20					p-g	SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clr to white, occasionally light grey, fine to coarse predominantly medium, moderate sorting, subangular, quartzose with trace grey lithic grains and composite quartz grains, commonly with dense pyrite cement. Inferred porosity good, poor where cemented.n/s. Grades at base of interval to SILTSTONE: sandy, speckled light to dark greyish brown, micaceous, friable, very pyritic in part and to SILTY CLAYSTONE.
501	504	90	10					g	SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clr to white, occasionally light grey, fine to very coarse, moderate sorting, subangular, quartzose with trace grey lithic grains and composite quartz grains, occasionally with dense pyrite cement. Inferred porosity good. Circulated sample at 504 m, no shows, no gas.
504	507	95	5					g	SANDSTONE: as above, trace pyrite cement, predominantly loose, trace silty matrix washing out
507	513	60		30				fair	SANDSTONE: as above trace pyrite cement, predominantly loose, abundant light brown argillaceous matrix washing out. SILTY CLAYSTONE: light brown to greyish brown, speckled, very finely sandy, pyritic in part, very soft.
513	516	20		80					SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above
516	522	20		80					SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above, soft, sticky, SANDSTONE: as loose grains washing out.
522	531	30		70					SILTY CLAYSTONE: medium brown, very finely silty and sandy, soft, SANDSTONE: two types, fine to very coarse loose quartz as above, also very fine pyritic aggregates with
531	537	20	30	50					SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above, grades to SILTSTONE: brown to reddish brown, hard to very hard, cemented with silica. SANDSTONE: loose and pyrite cemented as above
537	543	40	30	30					as above
543	549	30	40	30					SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear to translucent, abundant clay matrix washing out, SILTSTONE: light grey to brown, speckled, soft, grades in SILTY CLAYSTONE in part, very hard, silicified.
549	555	10	20	70					SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above

555	561		20	80					SILTY CLAYSTONE: medium greyish brown, as above soft, homogenous, rarely sandy, glauconitic, grades to SILTSTONE:
561	567		20	80					SILTSTONE: light brown, sandy, trace glauconite, in part very hard, silicified, grades to SILTY CLAYSTONE: soft, as above, finely sandy
567	573	40	60					p	SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear, very fine to fine grained, well sorted, quartzose, silty matrix washing out. SILTSTONE: light brownish grey, very finely sandy, very soft, dispersive,
573	579	30	70						as above, occasional fine grained well cemented sandstone aggregates, trace fine black glauconite grains washing out
579	585	70	30					n	SANDSTONE: two types, 1. loose clear quartz as above, 20% of sample. 2. mottled grey, brown, speckled greenish grey, very fine grained, sucrosic, well cemented aggregates, hard, nil visual porosity. SILTSTONE: light greyish brown very finely sandy, dispersive.
585	591	10	90					n	SILTSTONE as above becoming very finely sandy grades to silty sandstone,
591	597	40	60						SANDSTONE: two types as above,
597	603	10		90					SILTY CLAYSTONE: medium brown, very silty, very finely sandy, soft, sticky, trace forams,
603	609			100					SILTY CLAYSTONE: medium to dark brownish grey, soft sticky, trace fossil fragments, common pyrite nodules.
609	615			100					SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above, minor shelly fossils, occasional very coarse quartz grain as discrete inclusion in claystone.
615	621	5		95					SILTY CLAYSTONE: greyish brown speckled green and black, finely glauconitic. Trace fine sand washing out. no shows
621	627	5		95					SILTY CLAYSTONE: greyish brown to greenish grey, glauconitic, trace fine quartz sand washing out.
627	633	80		20				fair	CBU at 633m SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear, green, yellow, quartz 70% glauconite 30% fine to medium grained, well sorted, angular to subrounded, clean in part, in part washing out of SILTY CLAYSTONE: greenish to yellowish grey, glauconitic as above. No shows. NB glauconite common in top of interval.
633	639	70	30					fair	SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear, yellow, yellowish green. Predominantly clean loose grains, fine to medium occasionally coarse and very coarse grained, moderately sorted, angular, common composite grains.
639	645	80	20					t	SANDSTONE: as above, abundant glauconite, no shows, SILTSTONE: dark grey to greenish grey, glauconitic, pyritic,
645	648	70	30					n	Glauconitic SANDSTONE: black, quartz 50% glauconite 50%.very fine to coarse grained in silty glauconitic/chamositic matrix, hard. Grades to GLAUCONITIC SILTSTONE: firm to hard,
648	651	70	30						GLAUCONITE SANDSTONE: olive black greensand, quartz 10%, black glauconite pellets in black, silty/glauconitic matrix, firm to friable occasionally very hard.
651	657	10	70						SANDSTONE: as above, SANDY SILTSTONE: medium greyish brown, soft, very finely sandy,

657	663	20	40	40					SANDY SILTSTONE: medium greyish brown, trace yellow mineral fluorescence, no cut, SANDSTONE: loose, quartz and glauconite as above washing out of claystone? , trace pyrite nodules.
663	669	50	40	10				n	SANDSTONE: pale grey to greyish brown, very fine grained, silty, poorly sorted, micaceous, as loose grains and silty aggregates, trace glauconite, common coarse pyrite nodules, grades to SANDY SILTSTONE and SILTY CLAYSTONE: very light grey, massive,
669	675								
675	681	70							SANDSTONE: light grey, light green, very fine to fine grained, silty, poorly sorted trace carbonaceous specks, trace red lithic grains, SILTONE: light grey, calcareous, firm to hard, blocky.
681	687	90		10				t	SANDSTONE: as above, very fine to fine grained, silty in part, in part moderately well sorted, grey and green lithic grains becoming abundant. no shows SILTY CLAYSTONE: , off-white to very light grey, to greyish brown, occasionally red mottled, Iron stained, minor pyrite nodules.
687	693	80		20				t	SANDSTONE: as loose grains, clear, white, black, green, biotite, grades to SANDY CLAYSTONE> off white, sticky.
693	699	90		10				t	SANDSTONE: greenish grey as above, friable silica cement, abundant cherty and consolidated siltstone lithic grains, trace brick-red lithic grains. SILTY CLAYSTONE: as above
699	702	80		20				t	SANDSTONE: greyish greenish brown, predominantly loose grains, fine to coarse predominantly medium grained, angular to subangular, SANDY CLAYSTONE: as above
702	708	100						t	SANDSTONE: as above abundant black, grey, green, white, rare red, silty and cherty lithics, trace mica, slight calcareous cement and silica cement.trace BROWN COAL.
708	714	10		90					SILTY CLAYSTONE: very light brownish grey, predominantly homogenous, occasionally with trace irregular carbonaceous material, soft to firm, trace fine pyrite,
714	723	100							SANDSTONE: greenish grey, loose abundant multicoloured lithic grains as above
723	732	10		90					SANDY CLAYSTONE: very light brown, speckled, very fine quartz and lithic grains, blocky, soft, trace carbonaceous material.
732	741	10	40	50					SANDY CLAYSTONE: very light grey to very light brown, off-white, rarely very pale bluish grey, very silty grades to thinly laminated SILTSTONE.
741	750		50	50					as above
750	759		20	80					SILTY CLAYSTONE: very light grey, very light brown, occasionally medium brown, dark grey, very soft, rarely pale bluish grey, predomiannly homogenous, very finely sandy in part. Trace pyrite
759	768		20	80					laminated SILTY CLAYSTONE as above, soft, very finle sandy in part
768	777	100						t	Quartz lithic-arenite, grey, greenish grey, abundant lithic grains as above, fine clay matrix washing out
777	786	100						t	Quartz lithic-arenite, grey, greenish grey, abundant lithic grains as above, lithics 70% lithics 30%
786	795	70		30				n	arenite as above inerlaminated with SANDY CALYSTONE as above

795	804	100						quartz lithic arenite as above, light grey clay, matrix washing out, trace biotite.
804	813	100						SANDSTONE: as above
813	822	90	10					SANDSTONE: as above becoming argillaceous, grey and multicoloured lithic grains.
822	831	10		90				SANDY CLAYSTONE: light brown, very finely sandy, occasionally fine and medium sand. Lithic grains washing out.
831	849			100				SANDY CLAYSTONE: grades to CLAYSTONE: light brown, light grey, occasionally darker colours, trace pyrite nodules. Sandy/carbonaceous laminations.
849	858	30	20	50				SANDSTONE: grey, brown, very fine grained to fine grained, poorly sorted, predominantly firm calcareous aggregates with carbonaceous/micaceous laminae, grades to sandy SILTSTONE and CLAYSTONE: a/a
858	867	10	50	40				
867	876		40	60				
876	885		30	70				
885	889		30	70				laminated silt and clay as above
889								TD

Appendix 6: Petrophysical Report

Findra-1 Petrophysical Analysis

Summary

The purpose of this study was to examine the reservoir characteristics of the sands encountered in the Findra-1. The wireline logs were quantitatively interpreted over the interval 290m to 850m to determine shale volume, porosity and water saturation.

Findra-1 was spudded on 26th June, 2004, by Essential Petroleum Pty Ltd and drilled to a total depth of 879m. No fluorescence associated with sands was recorded throughout the reservoir section and no significant gas shows were recorded. The well was plugged and abandoned as a dry well on 2nd July, 2004.

The Dilwyn Formation (332-416m) consisted of excellent quality reservoir sandstones interbedded with shale. The sands are described as clean, very fine to very coarse grained and quartzose. A total of 29.1m of net sand is interpreted over the gross interval 338.5-386.5m with an average porosity of 28.2%. There were no visual or significant gas shows observed during drilling and the high resistivity of 18 ohmm over this interval is indicative of fresh water. The sands are interpreted to be entirely water saturated.

The interval 469-482m, within the Pebble Point Formation is interpreted to consist of good quality reservoir sands interbedded with shales. A total of 8.2m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the gross interval 469.0-482.0m with an average porosity 18.8%. There were no visual or gas shows observed during drilling and the interval is interpreted to be entirely water saturated. Resistivities are slightly lower (approximately 10 ohmm) which correspond to the slightly more saline formation waters as indicated by the SP response (+20mV)

The Paarrate Formation (498-565m) is interpreted to consist of good reservoir quality sandstones over the interval 500.0-513.5m. A total of 8.8m of net reservoir sand is interpreted with an average porosity of 30.3%. The entire Paarrate Formation is interpreted to be water saturated.

The Flaxman Formation (615-647m) consists of interbedded glauconitic sandstone and siltstone. The PEF varies between 2.5 and 3.8 reflecting the strong presence of glauconite. The sands are described as fine to medium grained with poor visual porosity. A total of 9.3m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the interval 630.0-640.0m with an average porosity of 24.5% and is interpreted to be entirely water saturated. Resistivities have reduced further to 2-3ohmm over this interval, indicating an increase in formation water salinity.

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Consultant Petrophysicist

September 2004

Introduction

A request was made by Essential Energy Resources Ltd to determine the porosity and water saturation of the sands encountered in the Findra-1 well. The wireline logs were analysed for these properties over the interval 290-850m.

Findra-1, operated by Essential Energy Resources Ltd, was spudded on 26th June 2004. It was drilled vertically to a total depth of 879m and plugged and abandoned. The interpreted section was drilled with an 8-1/2" bit and a KCl-polymer-PHPA mud system. A maximum bottom hole temperature of 48°C at 879m was measured during the final logging operations

The well did not encounter any significant hydrocarbon shows while drilling.

Available Data

The digital data-set was provided in LAS format by Essential Petroleum Resources. Both sonic and neutron/density logs were provided for the porosity determination. A list of the wireline logs run in the well is given as **Table 1**.

No conventional cores were cut in the Findra-1 well.

Hole Conditions

Hole conditions through the interpreted interval are good with mudcake buildup across permeable sands.

Interpretation Model

Based on the description of well cuttings, it has been assumed that the section of interest consists of quartzose sandstone with glauconite and shale. The volume of shale was calculated using the gamma ray log. A comparison was made with the shale volume determined from the neutron/density logs to confirm the consistency of the measurements.

Porosity was primarily calculated from the neutron-density logs. The Raymer-Hunt-Gardner equation was used to calculate porosity from the sonic log and used in zones with bad hole conditions.

Water saturation, S_w , was calculated using the Juhasz equation.

Input Parameters

A summary of the parameters used for this interpretation is given in **Table 2**. In the absence of special core analysis data a cementation exponent, m , of 2.00 was assumed with the coefficient, a , set to 1.00. A saturation exponent, n , of 2.00 was also used to calculate water saturation.

Water Salinity

The formation water salinity is extremely fresh as shown by the large positive SP deflection of +30mV. A Pickett Plot over the interval 332-416m (**Figure 1**) indicates an R_w of 1.75 ohmm at 26°C, which equates to a formation water salinity of 3,000 ppm NaCl equivalent.

The formation water salinity becomes more saline with depth as evidenced by a reduction of the positive SP deflection to +25mV. **Figure 2** is a Pickett plot within the Paarrate Formation (500-515m) and indicates an R_w of 0.55 ohmm at 33°C. This equates to a formation water salinity of 9,000 ppm NaCl equivalent.

Figure 3 is a Pickett plot within the Flaxman Formation and indicates an R_w of 0.290 ohmm at 38°C. This equates to a formation water salinity of 16,000 ppm NaCl equivalent. The further increase in formation water salinity is reflected by the +18mV SP deflection.

Reservoir Determination

For the purposes of this study a porosity cutoff of 10% and a V_{sh} cutoff of 40% were used to determine net reservoir. A summary of the results is given as **Table 3**. Permeability information would be needed to further refine appropriate cutoffs.

Discussion of Interpretation Results

The purpose of this study is to interpret the porosity and saturation of sands in the Findra-1 well over the interval 290-850m. The primary objective of the well was sands within the Flaxman Formation intersected at 631m.

The Dilwyn Formation (332-416m) consisted of excellent quality reservoir sandstones interbedded with shale. The sands are described as clean, very fine to very coarse grained and quartzose. A total of 29.1m of net sand is interpreted over the gross interval 338.5-386.5m, with an average porosity of 28.2%. There were no visual or significant gas shows observed during drilling and the high resistivity of 18 ohmm over the interval is indicative of fresh water. The sands are interpreted to be entirely water saturated.

The interval 469-482m, within the Pebble Point Formation, is interpreted to consist of good quality reservoir sands interbedded with shales. A total of 8.2m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the gross interval 469.0-482.0m, with an average porosity of 18.8%. There were no visual or gas shows observed during drilling and the interval is interpreted to be entirely water saturated.

The Paarrate Formation (498-565m) is interpreted to consist of good reservoir quality sandstones over the interval 500.0-513.5m. Below 513.5m the section becomes more shaly with only thin, tight sands present. A total of 8.8m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the gross interval 500.0-513.5m, with an average porosity of 30.3%. The entire Paarrate Formation is interpreted to be water saturated.

The Skull Creek Mudstone (565-580m) consists essentially of shale with some minor interbeds of thin sands. A total of 2.9m of net sand is interpreted over the interval 569.5-579.0m with an average porosity of 21.3%. The sand has a high clay content with an average of 31.4%.

The Nullawarre Greensand (580-598m) consists of a tight argillaceous glauconitic siltstone, which grades to claystone. No visual porosity was described in the cuttings.

The Flaxman Formation (615-647m) consists of interbedded glauconitic sandstone and siltstone. The PEF varies between 2.5 and 3.8 reflecting the strong presence of glauconite. The sands are described as fine to medium grained with poor visual porosity. A total of 9.3m of net reservoir sand is interpreted over the interval 630-640m with an average porosity of 24.5% and is interpreted to be entirely water saturated.

The Waare (A) Formation (666-744m) consists of interbedded claystone and argillaceous sandstone. The sands are described as medium grained with abundant lithic fragments and traces of pyrite and mica. The neutron and density logs indicate that the sands are argillaceous.

The Eumeralla Formation was intersected over the interval 744m-TD and consists of a quartz litharenite. The section is described as fine to medium grained, clear to translucent, light green, greenish grey and orange, with a very pale grey silty matrix. The neutron/density log indicates an argillaceous sandstone, with very poor reservoir characteristics.

Table 1 : Wireline Logs Run (Schlumberger)

Date	Hole Size (inches)	Interval (mRT)	Logs Run	Comments
30/6/04	8-½	876.7 - 150.0	HALS/BHC/PEX/HNG	Run OK GR to surface
n/a	n/a	n/a	MDT/GR	n/a

Table 2 : Input Parameters

Interval (mRT)	290-465	465-498	498-615	615-744	744-850
GRmin (api)	20	25	25	30	30
GTmax (api)	90	130	130	120	120
DTsh (usec/ft)	145	145	145	140	145
DTma (usec/ft)	55.5	55.5	55.5	55.5	55.5
RHOsh (g/cc)	2.00	2.15	2.15	2.10	2.15
NPHIsh (lst)	0.53	0.51	0.51	0.55	0.55
Rsh (ohmm)	8	7	3	3	1.5

Table 3 : Reservoir Summary

Formation	Gross Interval (mRT)	Net Thickness (m)	Average Porosity (%)	Average Vsh (%)	Average Sw (%)
Dilwyn	338.5 - 386.5	29.1	28.2	14.0	98.6
Pebble Point	469.0 - 482.0	8.2	18.8	33.6	99.3
Paarrate	500.0 - 513.5	8.8	30.3	14.3	95.9
Skull Creek	569.5 - 579.0	2.9	21.3	31.4	99.5
Nullawarre Greensand	585.0 - 592.0	0.3	21.2	36.5	100.0
Flaxman	630.0 - 640.0	9.3	24.5	19.0	98.0
Eumeralla	780.5 - 786.5	0.8	15.2	37.8	97.2

Note: Cutoffs used: Vsh ≤ 40% and Porosity ≥ 10%.

Figure 1 : Pickett Plot 338-385m

Rw = 1.750 ohmm at 26°C

m = 2.00

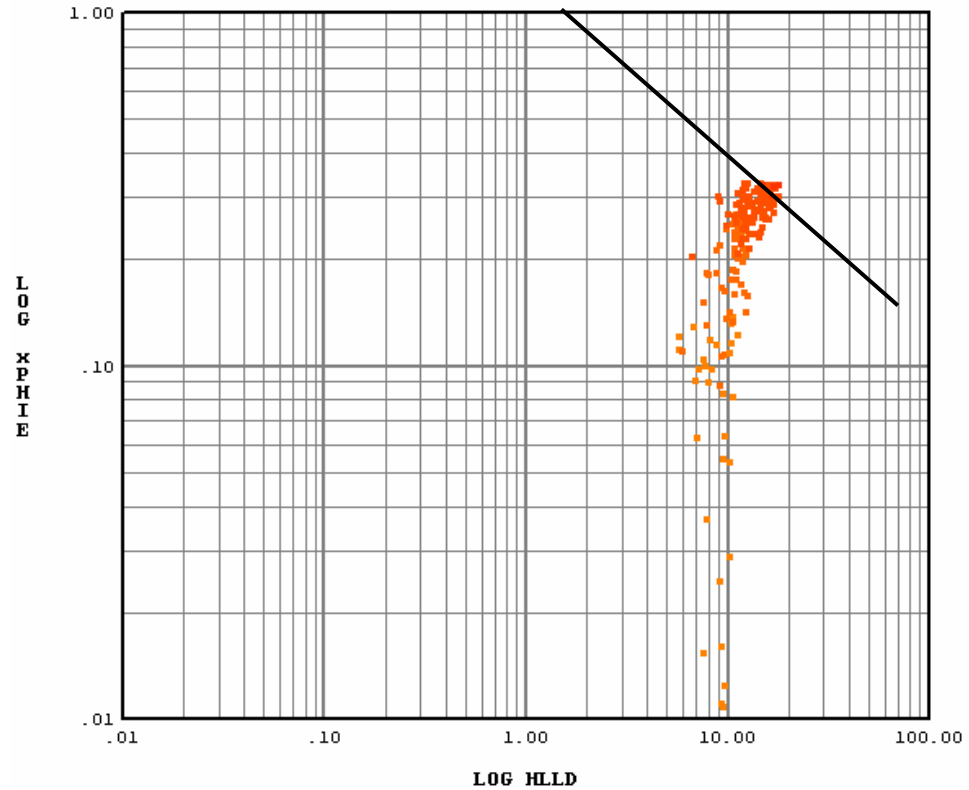


Figure 2 : Pickett Plot 500-515m

Rw = 0.550 ohmm at 33°C

m = 2.00

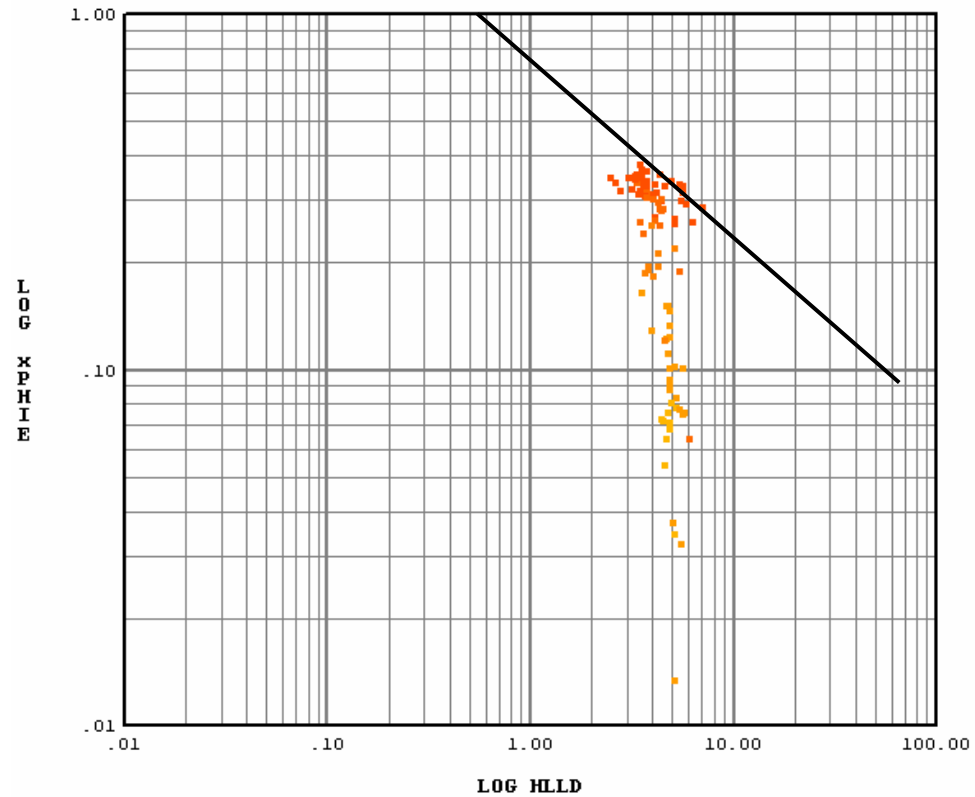
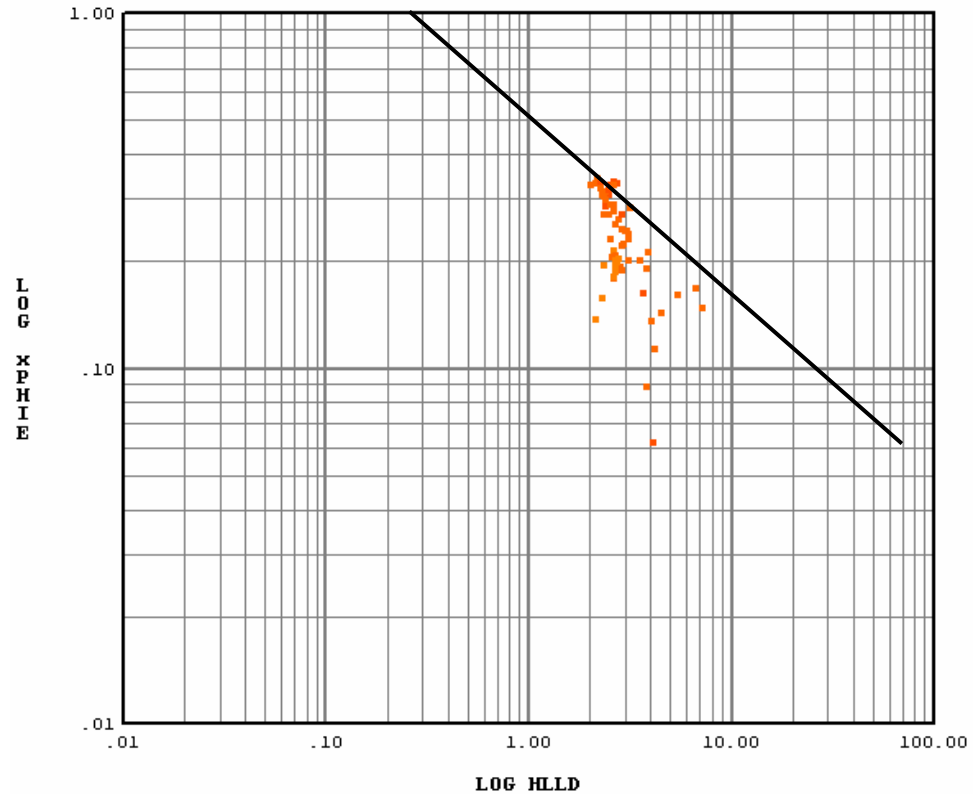


Figure 3 : Pickett Plot 630-640m

Rw = 0.290 ohmm at 33°C

m = 2.00



Enclosure 1 Mudlog

Enclosure 2 Composite Log

Enclosure 3 Wireline Logs